The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52.240—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1901.

YES!
"P & O"
IS 10 YEARS OLD.
PURE & OLD.

VISITORS TO THE OLD COUNTRY.
SOUTH KENSINGTON HOTEL
(UNDER ROYAL PATRONAGE.)
CONTAINS OVER 200 APARTMENTS, FURNISHED WITH ALL MODERN LUXURY, TWO MINUTES FROM THE PARK, KENSINGTON GARDENS, IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, AND IN THE MIDST OF THE FASHIONABLE QUARTER.
MODERATE TARIFF.
QUEEN'S GATE TERRACE, LONDON, S.W.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1901.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7358	E. H. Gordon	4th May
" ARABIA	7963	J. L. Parfitt	11th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5787	T. Leigh	18th "
" ORIENTAL	5294	J. P. Jephson	25th "
M.L. ARABIA	7963	J. L. Parfitt	1st June
" PERSIA	8003	W. A. Wheler	8th "
M.L. ORIENTAL	5294	J. P. Jephson	15th "
" EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	22nd "
M.L. PERSIA	8003	W. A. Wheler	29th "
" PLASSY	7405	C. F. Preston	6th July
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	13th "
" PENINSULAR	5787	T. Leigh	20th "
M.L. PLASSY	7405	C. F. Preston	27th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London; passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there or Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAY, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals sailing at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th April, 1901.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	A. Fellner	4,119	1st June, 1901.
A STEAMER			1st July, 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 90.	Rs. 36-8.	Rs. 15.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
TRIESTE	A. Mils	5,695	15th May, 1901.
VINDOBONA	G. Klansberger	4,351	1st June, 1901.
MARIA VALERIE	P. Berberovich	4,225	in Aug., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 1,656	Rs. 623-8.
Available for 12 months	" 1,106	" 687 8.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETES available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO KOBE, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MARIA VALERIE	P. Berberovich	4,225	25th May, 1901.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

H. PETEAM, Acting Agent,
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 1st May, 1901.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,

BANKERS & PASSENGER AGENTS,
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8-1, Council House Street.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—7, Waterloo Place, S. W.
LIVERPOOL—3, Water Street.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.
MARSEILLES—32, Rue de la Republique.

Branch Office at CAPE TOWN, South Africa.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 20, and Interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at Interest to be learned on Application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day to England. Cost of Message about Rs. 5, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

THOS. COOK AND SON.

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. Mail and all other Steamers, including Non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. & O. at Favourable Rates, and special attention to the Selection of Berths and Grouping of Passengers.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Stations in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS allowing breaks of journey at all places of interests.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Missionaries and Railway Officials.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at Bombay, Calcutta, London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Venice, Geros, Marseilles, Paris, Colombo, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the world to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 2,000 Hotels.

REDUCED FARES for Missionaries and Government Officials to Europe, via China and America.

PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded and insured against theft and all risks.

PACKAGES of every description stored and shipped as cargo to all Ports at Lowest Rates.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS or to be available for HOME REMITTANCE.

LOANS granted against approved security.

DRAFTS issued and REMITTANCES made.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT supplied for the use of Travellers, also SOVEREIGNS and BANK NOTES.

STOCK and SHARES bought and sold. DIVIDENDS, PAY and PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Agency Business transacted.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON COLOMBO.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS AND MISSIONARIES booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines, sent FREE on Application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

London Agents, GRINDLAY & CO.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 10th May, at 2 p.m., or later on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST AND KURRACHEE.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on TUESDAY, the 7th May, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangerole, Porbundar, and Cutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on THURSDAY, the 9th May, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abaas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Feo, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, LAMU, IBO, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA AND DELAGOABAY.

S.S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 14th May.

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S.S. "VADALA," 3,334 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 7th May.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "PATNA," 1,820 tons, on or about SATURDAY, the 11th May.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 4th May, 1901.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
OCEANIEN	4,219	Schmitz	9th May, 1901.
INDUS	6,357	Riquier	6th June 1901.
NATAL	4,222	Rouis	4th July, 1901.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S.S. "SALZIE," Captain Girard, 4,255 tons, to sail on or about 29th May, 1901.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

DOCTOR MENIST'S SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver Rs.	Steel & Nickel Rs.
With Turnpin Side	50	28	16
With Single Temple	50	24	16
With Cure	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	16

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MAROKS AND CO'S

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movilete" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold. Rs.	Silver. Rs.	Nickel. Rs.	Steel. Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of

VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD BOMBAY.

KEATING'S POWDER
KEATING'S POWDER
KEATING'S POWDER
KEATING'S POWDER

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES,

KEATING'S POWDER
KEATING'S POWDER
KEATING'S POWDER
KEATING'S POWDER

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES,

The genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tins and Bottles only

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Tins and Bottles, by all Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE & CO.,
Proprietors.

SQUIBB'S.

AGUE SPECIFIC.

A MOST POWERFUL, RELIABLE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR

Influenza, Malarial Fevers, Ague, Chill, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Dumbague, AND ALL DISEASES

Arising from Biliary derangement caused by Malaria. Is used as a Preventive and cure in Epidemic Fevers and Plague.

SOLD by all CHEMISTS for Re. 1.

☞ Beware of spurious Imitations.

MADON SONS & CO.,
CHEMISTS. DRUGGISTS.
ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

HAIRE'S ANTI-MALARIAL FEVER POWDERS.

A Speedy and Permanent cure for Ague, Malarious, Intermittent, and Remittent Fevers.

A Safeguard against Chills, Cold, and Influenza.

Relief in Half an Hour. A powerful Tonic. It has no injurious effect and so it can be given even to an infant. } ANNAS 8 FOR A PACKET OF FOUR POWDERS.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

GAZDAR BROTHERS,
PICKET ROAD, KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

☞ SUB-AGENTS WANTED.

Can also be had from

KEMP & Co., Fort; D. C. Oomrigar, Crawford Market; Dinshaw D. Nicholson, Poona and others.

One out of Numerous Certificates.

At the request of Mr. Haire, I distributed his Fever Powders amongst several Hospital Assistants for trial, and they all reported favourably on their action.

(Sd.) DFF. MULLEN, M.D.,
Lt.-Col. I. M. S.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE RETURNS FOR 1900 SHOW INCREASED BUSINESS AND LARGE INCREASE TO FUNDS,

WHICH NOW EXCEED

Rs. 1,70,00,000.

and are invested in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Claims Paid for Over ONE CRORE, since the Company was established.

LOWEST SAFE RATES, UNQUESTIONABLE SECURITY, LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES, IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

Full particulars and Forms may be obtained on Application at the Company's Offices.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

H. G. W. MEIKLE, F. F. A.,
Acting Manager.

THE INDIAN ARMY.

THE PUBLISHER of the "Army and Navy Gazette" begs to announce that, beginning on January 5, 1901, Coloured Military Types of the Indian Army will be issued Monthly as Supplements to that Paper. Full particulars, prices and list of Plates will be sent post free on application.

ORDERS for the series of Eight Plates, to be despatched as issued, should be sent in at once to the PUBLISHER, accompanied by Money-order for (India and Abroad) 5s., made payable to him.

BOMBAY PLATE READY. MAY 4.
7½d. post free.

"ARMY AND NAVY GAZETTE" OFFICES,
3, York St., Covent Garden, London, W. C.
or may be ordered through
THACKER, SPINK & CO., CALCUTTA & SIMLA AND
THACKER & CO. LTD., BOMBAY.

TO STAMP COLLECTORS.—OLD ENGLISH STAMPS of medium blocks, either in a lot or separately. Fivepenny, Sixpenny, Eightpenny, Ninepenny, One shilling, Two shilling, and others. What offers? Apply "STAMPS," care of this paper.

REFRIGERATORS, AND ICE BOXES.

KENT'S WELL-KNOWN LONDON MANUFACTURES.

KENT'S ECONOMICAL ICE BOX with glazed Earthenware Tank and Tub, 16" by 13", Rs. 50.

KENT'S BACHELOR'S REFRIGERATOR with Water Tank and Ice Compartment. Lock and Key, 26" by 20", Rs. 120.

KENT'S PORTABLE ICE CHEST, Box Shape with double lid. In four sizes, 22", 27", 33", and 45", Rs. 70 to Rs. 140.

KENT'S PATENT VENTILATED REFRIGERATOR, Box Shape with single lid, 3 sizes, 22", Rs. 108; 27", Rs. 120; and 33", Rs. 162.

KENT'S COLONIAL VENTILATED REFRIGERATOR, Box Shape, single lid, 3 sizes, 20", Rs. 66; 26", Rs. 96; and 31", Rs. 120.

KENT'S MESS OR CLUB CABINET REFRIGERATOR, fitted with Water Tank and lined with Patent Metal, standing on Castors. Height 51" by 24" by 20" Rs. 260.

TRAVELLER'S ICE BOXES, 11" to 17", Rs. 15-8 to Rs. 30.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

INDIAN CIGARETTES.

THE "LIGHT OF ASIA" BRAND,

MADE PURELY OF THE FINEST

"INDIAN TOBACCO"

WITHOUT PAPER.

THE INDIAN ARMY SERIES.

EACH PACKET of these Cigarettes contains an Illustration of an Indian Regiment. The Illustrations will be continued until the whole Army has been given, forming a UNIQUE AND INTERESTING COLLECTION.

"Each box contains 100 finest hand made Cigarettes without Paper. Price Rs. 25-0 per 1,000.

McDOWELL & Co., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

MUSIC! MUSIC! MUSIC!!

A LARGE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF

VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC

ALWAYS ON HAND.

NEW PUBLICATIONS BY EVERY ALTERNATE MAIL.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

SOUNDY & CO., LD.

THE STANDARD INDIAN HORIZONTAL GRAND PIANOFORTE BY SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE STUTGART.

(ESTABLISHED in the year 1781. One hundred and twenty years ago).

A NEW PIANO FOR INDIA.

THIS New Model combines the portability of an Upright or Square-Pianoforte with the FULLNESS of TONE and ALL THE HIGH MUSICAL QUALITIES that are only obtainable in a Grand Pianoforte. The Standard Indian Horizontal Grand Piano is unique in its construction, having been Specially Designed at our request by the celebrated makers, MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE, to supersede the well-known STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE which they have now DISCONTINUED TO BUILD.

The NEW MODEL GRAND PIANO has proved AN UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS, combining as it does the RICHNESS AND PURITY OF TONE for which Pianos by these makers are RENOWNED, with the POWER and BRILLIANCY of a GRAND, and occupying as it does LESS SPACE than a Square Piano.

This Pianoforte is now offered at a PRICE UNHEARD OF FOR A GRAND PIANOFORTE.

DESCRIPTION.—Solid Mahogany Ebonised Case; Screwed and Brass Bound Full Compass; Full Trichord; Overstrung Scale; Perfect Check Repeating Action; Length 5 feet, Width 4 feet 9 inches.

CASH RS. 1,200.

ON HIRE SYSTEM OF PURCHASE. { For 12 months Rs. 109 per month. " 24 " " 59-4 "

EXTRAS.

Zinc lined packing Case	Rs. 25	Woolen Cover	Rs. 15
Revolving Piano Stool	" 18	Set of Glass Insulators	" 4-8

PACKED AND DELIVERED FREE AT ANY RAILWAY STATION IN BOMBAY OR POONA.

THE EXTRAS NEED NOT BE TAKEN IF NOT REQUIRED.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

THE COOLEST SPOT IN BOMBAY IS GREEN'S NEW RESTAURANT.

APOLLO BUNDER.

BAND EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING FROM 6 TO 8 P.M.

The Spacious Verandahs are close to and facing the Harbour.

BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, DINNERS, WINES, SPIRITS, ICE-CREAMS and PASTRY AVAILABLE at SHORTEST NOTICE.

The finest BILLIARD ROOM in the East fitted with four of the latest improved TABLES.

HAMS, BACON and CHEESE always on cut.

W. B. GREEN & Co.,
VICEREGAL CATERERS,
APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1868.

PRICE LIST OF CIGARETTES.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

DOUBLE ANCHOR SOCIETY OF ADEN:

THE CIGARETTES are manufactured of EXTRA FLOWERS, AROMATIC, MILD and FULL FLAVOURED.

REAL YENIDJEH TURKISH TOBACCO,

they are guaranteed hand made by expert European Cigarette Makers.

On trial they will be found superior to many other Brands sold locally at double the price.

LARGE SIZES.	Rs. A.	SMALL SIZES,	Rs. A.
ROYAL ..... per 100	4 12	ROYAL..... per 100	3 12
EXTRA ..... "	3 12	EXTRA..... "	3 0
IMPERIAL ..... "	2 12	IMPERIAL ..... "	2 8
EXTRA FINE GOLD TIPPED... per 50	2 12	FINE ..... "	2 4
		PRINCESS ..... "	1 8

SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS, MESSES AND THE TRADE.

V. FUCILE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS, BELOW BOMBAY CLUB.
BOMBAY.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 3	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 8	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 4	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 12	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. This Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

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Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

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Imports and Exports of Bullion.
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Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1892 and 1899, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
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PAID UP CAPITAL.....	„	18,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....	„	8,310,000

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Manager.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

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SALE OF A VALUABLE PLOT OF LAND AT SANTA CRUZ.

By order of N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C. and in re Jehangir Byramjee Madressvalla, an Insolvent, trading under the name of Jehangir Byramjee and Co., Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on SUNDAY, the 12th May, 1901, at 4-30 p.m., the following plot of land :—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground lying and being at Monji Danda in the Bandora taluka, silla Tana, in the registration sub-district of Thana, bounded as follows, by admeasurement 3,229 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of the land, Registered in the Books of the Collector of Thana under survey No. 238, and bounded on the east by the property of Hormusjee Dorabjee Gunder, on the west by a private road of the said Hormusjee Dorabjee Gunder, on the north by the said Hormusjee Dorabjee Gunder, and on the south by the property of the said Hormusjee Dorabjee Gunder.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Assignee, High Court, or to the Undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED MILL PROPERTY AT PAREL BRIDGING TO THE DHUN MILLS, LIMITED.

Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 20th day of May, 1901, at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction unless the same is previously sold by private contract, the undermentioned still property belonging to the Dhun Mills, Limited, under instructions from the trustees for the Debenture-holders of the Dhun Mills, Limited, pursuant to the powers of sale contained in the Indenture of Trust Deed, dated 1st August, 1899, and made between the Dhun Mills, Limited, of the one part, and J. D. Ghandy and K. N. Wadia of the other part,

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground situate at or near Parel in the Mahim District in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,160 square yards, be the same little more or less, and registered in the books of the Collector of Pension and Tax under Nos. 1817-1818 and 1818 A. and which said piece is bounded as follows : that is to say, on or towards the north-west by land of Babajee Angria or Naaoo Sayajee, being separated therefrom by a wall, on or towards the south by the Elphinstone road leading from the Elphinstone stone Road to Worlee, and on or towards the east by the public road leading to Mahim wood from the Elphinstone Road ; and,

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground situate without the Fort of Bombay at or near Parel in the Mahim District, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay aforesaid, and registered in the Collector's Book as the same more or less, and registered in the book of the Collector of Pension and Tax under Nos. 1817-1818 and 1818-A, which said piece of land is bounded as follows : that is to say on or towards the north by land of Pestonjee Jamsetjee Bookbinder, on or towards the east by the Elphinstone Road, on or towards the west by the public road leading to Mahim wood from the Elphinstone Road, which public road separates the properties herein firstly and secondly described, and on or towards the east by the lands of Bapoo Joshi, Bhaskar Crishna Govind and Pestonjee Jamsetjee Bookbinder and which said land or ground firstly and secondly hereinbefore described were formerly in the occupation of the Dhun Mills, Limited, and are now in the occupation of the Trustees for the Debenture-holders of the said Dhun Mills, Limited. The above two pieces of land are held under a lease dated the 29th day of August, 1863 and made between Nusserwjanee Ardeshir Hormusjee of the one part and the Dhun Mills a Limited of the other part for a term of 999 years from the 1st day of April, 1863, renewable in perpetuity at the annually rent of Rs. 200, together with all and singular the buildings and edifices standing on the said pieces of land and together with all and singular the boilers, engines, machinery, tools, fixtures, implements, utensils and things which are upon the said premises.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Wadia and Gandhy. Solicitors or to the Undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, April 22th, 1901.

A. READYMONEY & COMPANY BANK STREET, FORT.

SALE OF DAMAGED BAGS OF SUGAR, EX S. S. KURRACHEE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Lidbetter & Co., representing the owners of the cargo of ex S. S. Kurrachee Messrs. A. READYMONEY and Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 2 Shed, Victoria Docks, on TUESDAY, the 7th inst. at 3 p.m. the whole of the concerned the following approximate number of bags of sugar landed damaged from the Steamer " Kurrachee " in small convenient lots. The bags are open at the Docks and can be inspected at any time. The purchaser or purchasers will have to pay at once a deposit of 25 per cent. on the amount of the purchase money and pay the balance and all customs and town dutied and charges and remove the bags within 24 hours from the hour of sale, viz :—

S. H. C.	1000 bags damaged by water.	
	222 „ „	fire.
G. M. & Co.	98 „ „	water.
	94 „ „	fire.

Marks obliterated 34-420 bags and a lot consisting of sugar and rubbish, out of about 220 bags which got wetted.

For further particulars apply to

A. READYMONEY & Co.

[Bombay, April 16, 1901

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Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa,
Steamer Point,	Aden,		

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„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
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Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 30,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

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BRANCHES :—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LAHORE, LONDON MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.

SUB-BRANCHES :—MURREE, (April to October) and AMRITSAR.

DEPOSIT AGENCIES :—

Messrs. SINCLAIR MURRAY & Co.—Narayanguni.
Messrs. SCHRODER SMIDT & Co.—Dighe Ghat, Bhagalpur.
Mr. GILBERT FINLAYSON—Sewan, Bankipore & Chapra.
H. FREDERICHSON, Esq.—Raj Nandgaon (Raipur, C. P.).
Messrs. LALLAS GUNGARAM CHOONEKLAL.—Mhow and Indore.
MOOCHOOL SHAH, Esq.—Poona.
MANIBHAI JKYSINGBHAI HATHEESING, Esq.—Ahmedabad.
Messrs. CHUNIBHAI DAYABHAI VAKILNAH & Co.—Surat.
Messrs. JARDINE ROY & Co.,—Barisal.

CAPITAL PAID UP—Rs. 40,00,000

RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—

FIXED DEPOSITS :—

9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.

The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying interest from date of transfer in India.

Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS, which may be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hundies and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge to the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 3 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.

By Order of the Board,
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay, 1st May, 1900.

NEMESIS' AGUE SPECIFIC.

PLAGUE OFFICERS' EXPERIENCES :—

"I am glad to inform you that really it is a charm in high and slow fever." "No sooner was the first dose given than the patient was found free from attack." "Hardly 4 or 5 cases required more than 6 doses." "Marvellous it is in lowering the high temperature." "It makes the body cool within half an hour restoring the patient to his ordinary mood of mind."

PER BOTTLE Re. 1.

170, SHAIK MEMON St., } F. S. MADON & CO., } BOMBAY.

INDIAN FOLLOWERS' FAMILY RELIEF FUND.

Balance Sheet for period of relief afforded to Families of Followers in South Africa, from October 1899, to March 1901 inclusive.

ASSETS.	Amounts.	Totals.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
To Donation.—		
From—Contributors to Indian Followers' (Transvaal War) Fund	9,175 11 6	...
From—Mansion House fund, through Messrs. King King & Co., Bombay, to Indian Followers (Transvaal War) Fund	15,000 0 0	...
From—Soldiers and Sailors' Relief Fund Committee, to Indian Followers (Transvaal War) Fund	35,000 0 0	...
From—Contributors to Indian Stretcher Bearers' Fund, through Accountant-General, Military Department	21,040 9 0	...
From—Contributors to China Followers' Fund, through Messrs. King, King & Co., Bombay	975 11 0	...
		81,191 15 6
To interest from W. Watson & Co., Calcutta, on current account	51 0 0	51 0 0
To refunds	61,650 12 8	1,650 12 8
Total Rupees.....		82833 12 2

EXPENDITURE.	Amounts.	Totals.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
By relief Followers' families	636,676 6 0	31,676 6 0
„ Incidental charges—		
Miscellaneous contingencies	50 9 0	
Discount on cheques	227 9 0	
Office—Clerk's pay, etc.	340 0 0	
„ Cheque books	21 6 0	
By Suspense Account—Pending adjustment	59 10 0	639 8 0
„ Balance Credit on 31st March 1901		59 10 0
Fixed Deposits	Rs. a. p. 20,000 0 0	35.000 0 0
	a 15,000 0 0	
Floating do.	9,577 8 2	12,518 4 2
	a 2,940 12 0	
Total Rupees.....		82,833 12 2

a Indian Stretcher Bearers' Fund incorporated.

b N.B.—Less Rs. 1,650-12-8 refunded.

JOHN H. LLOYD, Captain,
Simla ; the 1st April, 1901. Honorary Secretary and Treasurer, Indian Followers' Family Relief Fund.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.

105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GORGONZOLA, PARMESAN AND GRUYERE CHEESE.
MILAN SAUSAGES AND GERMAN SAUSAGES IN SKIN.
FRANKFORT AND HARD SMOKED SAUSAGES IN TINS.
VIENNA SAUSAGES WITH SAWKRANT IN TINS.
BISMARCK AND IMPERIAL HERRINGS IN TOMATO AND MUSHROOM SAUCE.

ABSINTHE (PERNOD FILS).
KUMMEL.
MANDARINO (LIQUEUR).
ANISETTE (BRIZARD & ROGERS).
KIRSCHENWASSER.
CREMES & LIQUEURS ASSORTED.

MASTICA OHIO, Rs. 2-8 Per Bottle.
DUC DE MARSAT (dry) CHAMPAGNE.
ASTI SPUMANTE (SPARKLING).
FRENCH VERMOUTH (NOILLY PRAT).
ITALIAN VERMOUTH (TORINO).
MALAGA, BARBERA & other WINES.

ITALIAN RICE ; MACARONI & VERMICELLI ASSORTED ;
LENTILS and SPLIT PEAS ; WALNUTS, HAZELNUTS,
ALMONDS, MALAGA RAISINS FRESH STOCK.
MANGOES AFFONSA & FERNANDINA preserved in Syrup.
ATTENTION is drawn to our celebrated
GRIGNOLINO CLARET, a thoroughly genuine article.
Only Rs. 10 per dozen quarts.

THE GENERAL AGENCY.

FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIALITIES.

BRANDIES.
LAURENT'S LIQUEUR, 50 Years old.
JULES ROBINS O. P.
COURVOISIERS
AUSTRALIAN
GILBEY'S UNIVERSAL.
THOS DUNKIN'S.
&c. &c. &c.

WHISKIES.
ANTIQUARY LIQUEUR.
WATSON'S CLUB.
GILBEY'S PROVOST.
„ SPEY ROYAL.
DAWSON'S PERFECTION.
UAM VAR.
MATHER'S 3 Stars.
&c. &c. &c

WINES.
SHERRY, PORT, MADEIRA, CHAMPAGNE, HOCK, CLARET, BURGUNDY, LIQUEURS.
FROM
THE WELL KNOWN SHIPPERS,
W & A GILBEY, J & C WHITE
HEIDSIECK & Co. E & F CANORS
LO, SICARD, BRETON & HOARD.
&c. &c. &c.

Liqueur Exquisite Tonic Digestive and Efficacious **BENEDICTINE** Possessing most Powerfull Germ-killing Properties.

The BENEDICTINE liqueur is beneficial to health owing to its spirituous foundation being composed only of eau-de-vie (brandies) of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows :—

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicious bouquet improving with age.
Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that when diluted with cold water, the liqueur is possessed of great antiapoplectic (*against apoplexy, sudden loss of sense and voluntary motions*), aperient (*slow purgative*), digestive and antispasmodic (*against convulsions qualities*. Refreshes and strengthens the nervous and tired brain marvellously and works as a perfect beon to invalids and a blessing combined with luxury to mankind.

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given the liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters :—

..... Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDER DUMAS.

..... At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

..... We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most efficacious for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE.—Among the liqueurs invented or manufactured by the monks of France, the Benedictine from a hygienic point of view occupies the foremost rank. It is not only an exquisite and savory beverage for persons in good health, but in cases of illness or recovery it is equally beneficial. It may be used to advantage in all cases where Malaga, Madeira, Sherry, &c., are recommended.

The Benedictine is remarkable for its agreeable taste, and for its really salutary effects as a stomachic ; and it is principally on this account that the liqueur should bear the motto *Meritur qui non utitur*.

Extract from the *Gazette Medicale*.

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an active or convalescent stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.

DR. MALLET, M. D.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, affections of the chests, headaches, congestion of brain, etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favourite drink as finish to their meals.

NOTICES.

KING, KING & Co.,
BOMBAY,
KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand, Handies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter roughcast Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & CO.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

UNTIL further notice Mr. WILLIAM T. LANE, will act as GENERAL MANAGER and ENGINEER, during my absence in Bombay.

F. W. CHAMBERLAIN.
General Manager and Engineer,
THE BOMBAY GAS COMPANY, Ltd.
Bombay, 2nd May, 1901.

NOTICE.

THE PUNJAB GLASS MANUFACTURING Co., Ld., Umballa, being in Liquidation, its premises, consisting of factory, cottages, furnaces together with a lot of machinery, moulds, tools, materials, &c., too numerous to detail, are to be sold. For full particulars apply to

SHADZADA RAM,
Pleader,
Official Liquidator P. G. M. Co., Ld.

C. S. BARTLEY & CO.
CYCLE MAKERS, ENAMELLERS, PLATERS AND CHEAPEST DEALERS AND REPAIRERS,
2, ALEXANDRIA TERRACE, OPPOSITE BYCULLA STATION.

TRUE EXTRACTS out of numerous TESTIMONIALS received by our Foreman:—
The Honourable Mr. Justice H. Batty Judge, High Court, Bombay:—I am quite astonished by the skill and despatch with which you repaired Cycle.
Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. Bromfield, 1st Cheshire Regiment:—He has repaired my Bicycle very well,
Captain H. Udal, Commandant, No. 3, Field Battery:—He has repaired a Bicycle for me which I thought was too far gone for repairs.
Up-country Orders will be promptly attended to.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
TRADE THERAPION MARK.
This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desirable properties recognised in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does more harm than good by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. It dissolves gravel, relieves irritation of the bladder, and is a specific for rheumatic, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—ulcerous sores of the throat, nose and tongue, nocturnal pains of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it was been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/3 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which has a facsimile of the word "THERAPION" on a red ground, and a Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

INDISPENSABLE TO TOURISTS.
TWENTY-SIXTH EDITION.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1901.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
at the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office.

PRICE: Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1901 contains much new and valuable information brought up to date, and details the progress made in the City during recent years.

THE
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE PLAGUE EPIDEMIC.

In addition to recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the progress of the plague and the measures taken to combat it and also of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the public buildings of the City including those which have been completed during the year.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICES,
No. 18, ESPLANADE ROAD.

No Stable is complete without
ELLIMAN'S
EMBROCATION
NOTICE.
THE ELLIMAN FIRST AID BOOK.
HORSES, DOGS, BIRDS, CATTLE.

A SAD UNSOUND HORSE.
170 Pages Illustrated.
Sent for 1- in stamps, or upon receipt of the label from a bottle of 2s., 3s. 6d., or 5s. 6d. Elliman's Royal Embrocation.
Address: ELLIMAN, SONS & Co., Slough, England.

RUBBING EASES PAIN.
By instinct the hand flies to the part hurt, but to eliminate Aches and Pains a safe stimulating medium or lubricant is necessary, and its physical condition should facilitate the process of rubbing. Such is

ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION.
Elliman's for Rheumatism, Lumbago,
Elliman's ,, Sprains, Bruises,
Elliman's ,, Fresh Cuts,
Elliman's ,, Sore Throat from Cold,
Elliman's ,, Cold at the Chest,
Elliman's ,, Neuralgia from Cold,
Elliman's ,, Chilblains before Broken,
Elliman's ,, Corns when Painful,
Elliman's ,, Cramp, Stiffness,
Elliman's ,, Soreness of the Limbs after Cycling, Football, Rowing, &c.
Elliman's ● ball.
Bottles, 8½d., 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s.
Elliman, Sons & Co., Slough, England.

A BOON TO MEN.
A DESCRIPTIVE TREATISE ON THE MODERN AND SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY IN MEN, including Premature Exhaustion and Loss of Vital Power, with other allied affections, by local absorption. Remedies in progress, with the most advanced resources of medical science, will be sent free to any address in a sealed envelope, free of charge, on application to the CHANCERY LANE, LONDON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 57, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON (Established 30 Years.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, MAY 3,

2 1-4 per cent Consols.....£94 3-4 plus 5-16
3 per cent Rentes .....£101 1-2 unch'd.
3 1-2 per cent Sterling Loan .....£108 do.
31-2 per cent Govt. Securities .....£93 3-8—3-16
Bar Silver in London .....£27 3-8 plus 3-16
,, In New York .....£59 5-8 plus 1-2
Exchange on London at Paris.....£25 16 unchanged
,, at New York .....44 8/8 do
Discount Bank of England .....4 p. c. do
,, Short London Bills ....3 1-2 p. c. do
,, Indian Bank Bills ....3 1-2 p. c. do
Copper Braziers.....£81 plus £1
Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £200,000
Transfers in Bombay.....Rs 4,60,000 at Is 4 1-16d
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore, sellers, May-June ..42s. 6d = plus 3d.
Tone firm.
Linseed, May-June .....52 = plus 6d.
Tone firmer.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending show the following results:—

Total Bullion.....£35,400,000 Dec. £500,000
Public Deposits ... £9,800,000 Inc. £1,500,000
Other do. ... £40,300,000 Dec. £3,100,000
Other Securities ... £30,800,000 ,, £500,000
Notes and Gold..... £25,500,000 ,, £1,000,000

The Bank's reserves 47 per cent of the liabilities.

Arrivals.—Kronberg and Mikado.

Goat skins sale closed to-day. Total quantity sold 1,050,000. Prime qualities firm, and prices 1-2 to 1d. higher.

Common qualities 1d. to 1 1-2d. lower.

EXCHANGE,

Throughout the week the market has been firm with 1 4d. obtainable for Telegraphic and Is. 4-1 32d for demand in one direction or another though generally 1-32nd lower was quoted, the volume of business put through cannot be said to be large for this time of the year but early in the week a considerable amount of Bank Telegraphic at Is. 4d. for ready and demand at the same rate for delivery early into June gradually nearing until next mail was taken. Yesterday, in consequence of a good allotment of Council Bills at Is 3 15-16d. and Is. 32 31-3d. and no transfers given; a firm feeling set in and credits, opening at Is 4 7-32d. for this and next mail with Is. 4 3-16d. Later a large business was done when the rate for near bills rose to Is 4 1-4d when the supply ceased. To-day the market opened with rates unchanged and very little doing either way, though there was good enquiry for telegraphic at Is-4. 1-32d. and demand at Is-4. 1-16d. for this mail which however was steadily refused. Credits at Is-4. 7-32d. were refused for this mail though offering for next with Is-4. 3-16d. for June.

Bank Telegraphic.....Is. 4d.
,, Demand.....Is. 4 1-32d.
3 months' sight Credits .....Is. 4 1-4d.
,, France.....170 1-2
Shanghai, 30 days' sight.....
Hongkong ,, ...145
Japan ,, ...147

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market, after fluctuations and a big fall of about one per cent, may be called steady. On Monday the market opened at 95 per cent ready and for 1st May settlement and closed at 95 1-8 per cent. Wednesday being the settlement day as was expected the market opened at 94-15 but upon the local bank's having refused the bulls to advance the money on Paper or to budlee even at high differences, and thus seeing their only way to sell off their stock the market during part of the settlement at once declined to 94 per cent at which rates local Banks and investors came out to buy ready paper at these low rates, the market closed steady at 94 1-2 while the rate for the next account being 95 1-16 per cent, On Thursday a fair business in Ready paper passed at 94 7-16 to 94 5-8 per cent. To-day the market opened at 94-12 for ready and 95-3 forward and upon the local banks being anxious to buy ready paper, the market closed steady at 94-15 ready and 95-4 for the account. Money is just

the same as it was during last week but with slight ease in the money is likely to strengthen the Paper Market. The Presidency Banks have kept their rate of interest unchanged. Port Trust and Municipal Bonds are quiet at the previous quotations.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

The Sharemarket has been quiet with little business passing. Bank of Bombay shares are steady at 1257 1-2. In Press shares mofussils, Indians and Berars are quiet at 410, 152 1-2 and 545. Volkart's are steady at 1065, Tapti Valley shares are quiet at 452 1-2. In miscellaneous, Badhan's, Kemp's and Treacher's are quiet at 158,360 and 970. Marck's are weak at 145. Delhi flour shares have declined to 145. Port Canning's have changed hands from 472 1-2 to 475. In Mill shares Davis's have chapged hands at 175, China's at 390, Currimbhoy's at 510, City of Bombay at 450, Standard's at 215. Petit's have declined to 1663. While Swadeshis and Cottons are quiet at 520 and 1850 X.D. Then remaining Companies are more or less quiet at previous quotations.

FREIGHTS.

The market has been weak and declining since our last and rates have given way fully 1s. per ton. Early in the week a fair line of about 2,000 tons was booked for Antwerp at 15s. and business was done for picked ports, and in the "Kaaresbro" for Liverpool at the same rate for seed.

The "Amie" is reported fixed for two ports paying 6d. extra for Hamburg and the "Pondo" for one picked port, with 6d. extra for Hamburg, the balance of the Jaheristan's cargo some 4,000 tons has been taken up at 15s. 6d. for London and another picked port, small bookings of ready Cotton for Continental ports have been made at 16s. but this is no real test of the state of the Market. On Wednesday 15s. was paid for May loading and 14s. 6d. for June and July at which a large business was reported in seeds, and myrabollams. Yesterday sales were made for Dunkirk at 15s. a large line for Antwerp at 14s. for May with a good business doing for Hamburg at 14s. 6d.

To-day the market was quiet with very little doing, 14s. has been paid for this month and 15s. for Hamburg, while the "Pondo" chartered early in the week has been re-chartered at 14s. 6d. for one picked port, paying 15s. for Hamburg.

COALS.

The market has been strong with many more buyers than sellers which restricts business. For Desbargur a good enquiry exists and a sale is reported at Rs. 15 for ready and near arrival while a good line is said to have been done to-day for May delivery at Rs. 15-2. In Seebpore a good line was reported sold early in the week at Rs. 14-8 for May shipment.

WHEAT.

After advancing to Rs. 4-9 for White Delhi the market closes quite at Rs. 4-8-3. Arrivals 90,198 cwts

SEEDS.

LINSEED.—With a firm market and good demand throughout the week. Rates close strong at Rs. 8-15 to Rs. 9. Arrivals 114,036 cwts.

RAPE-SEED.—The market has been firm during the week and a large business has been done. The closing rates are Rs. 6-5 to Rs. 6-5-6 for Brown Delhi, Rs. 6-4 to Rs. 6-4-6 Brown Cawnpore, and Rs. 7-6 for Yellow Cawnpore.

Yellow Guzerat is nominal at Rs. 7-14. Arrivals 204,511 cwts.

POPPY SEED.—There has been a fair enquiry throughout the week and the market closes rather steadier at Rs. 7-11 to Rs. 7-11-6. Arrivals 59,533 cwts.

CASTERSEED.—The market has been quiet at Rs. 3-3-4 with slight enquiry. Arrivals 49,010 cwts.

GINGELLI SEED.—Though the market has been firm no bing has been done for export and rates are nominal. Arrivals 25,534 cwts.

PIECE GOODS.

There has been no business during the week as the Liverpool market is falling and dealers on this side are keen to sell with little or no enquiry at the decline. Early in the week there was a fair demand for white Nainsooks, but at the close there is nothing doing, while stocks continue to accumulate and shipments are much in excess of requirements.

COTTON.

During the past week prices have gradually given way and ready cotton is offered several rupees below the rates obtaining last week. Exporters to Europe have not been operating much but local mills have bought fairly well and exporters to Japan have bought fairly largely. The last two days, however, there has been somewhat of a slackening off in the demand with less business reported. Most of the business has been in Oomras and Khandeish though other sorts have shared, but only to a small degree.

Contract rates are lower also though not to the same extent as ready cotton. For forward delivery, however, transactions are few and are more or less confined to the bazaar.

We quote:—

	Rs.
Fine U. G. Broach	203
Fine Bhownugger	190
Good Bhownugger	185
F. G. U. G. Khandeish	158
Good S. G. Dharwar	194
Good Westerns	185

The following quotations are at the rate of 1s. 4d. exchange and 15c. freight.

	Rs.	D.
Bengals fully good	138	2'267
Do fine	152	3 139
Bhatti fully good	163	3'158
Do fine	181	3'317
Khandeish fully good	153	3'200
Oomra good staple, fully good	164	3'377
Do fine do	174	3'574
Broach fine	203	4,144
Bownugger fine	195	3,986
Sawgy Dharwar good	183	3,948
Western good	183	3,751

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats dull. Manchester was quiet. Total sales 7,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 500 bales. Imports 19,000 bales. Spot 4 16-32d. = Egyptian Fair Brown, 6 1.16d = unchanged. Arrivals closed steady.

	May-June	Aug-Sept	Nov-Dec, G. O. E.
	4'24	4'21	4·0
	1-04	1-04	unch'g plus 1 64

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 31m. Sun sets, 6h. 22m. High water, 11-32m., 11-10s. Low water, 4-35m., 5-5s.
Royal Bombay Yacht Club races.
Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Company, Tamarind Lane, 3 p. m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h. 30m. Sun sets, 6h. 23m. High water, 5-34s. Low water, 5-34m, 6-14s.

SENIOR MEMBER OF COUNCIL.—Sir Charles Ollivant, Senior Member of Council, arrived in Bombay from Mahableshwar on Thursday morning, when the usual salute was fired from the Saluting Battery.

THE INDIAN TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Association will be held in the Hall of the Anjuman-i-Islam, next to the Tivoli Theatre, on Monday next at 5-45 p.m., when Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, will deliver an Address on "Total Abstinence," illustrated with charts; diagrams, and chemical experiments.

DEATH OF AN UNDERTRIAL PRISONER.—On the last day of the second Criminal Sessions in Bombay, the case of J. F. Vaz, Secretary and Treasurer of the Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund, who was charged with misappropriation of the funds of the society and with falsification of the books, was traversed to the next Sessions, as the accused was ill in the jail hospital. Vaz, who was 78 years of age, died in hospital of fever and general debility on Thursday.

FINED FOR KEEPING FALSE MEASURES.—Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Bartley prosecuted Osmanali Kana, Chima Mona and three other Hindus, for keeping false measures. All the accused had their places of business in the Chakla Cross Lane, near Crawford Market. On their shops being searched the false measures were found. The first accused was mulcted in a fine of Rs. 60, the second was fined Rs. 100 and the rest Rs. 25 each.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Delagoa Bay, Natal, Cape Colony, Mauritius Reunion, Tamatave, and St. Maurie for despatch via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p.m., on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 7 and 8th instant, respectively.—Mails for Delagoa Bay, Natal and Cape Colony per extra s.s. Pongola via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p.m., on Tuesday and Wednesday the 7 and 8th instant, respectively.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Parramatta" will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m., on Wednesday the 8th May.—Mails for Singapore, Shanghai and Japan per extra s.s. Mazagon" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 a.m. to-day.

OPEN AIR CONCERT.—Hundreds of people were seen making for the bandstand on Thursday night, to enjoy the musical evening in the moonlight. A portable stage had been erected and a very nice programme of vocal and instrumental items was given thereon during the evening. Madame Schultz sang with much effect Wekerlin's beautiful "Standchen" and Mrs. L. W. Michael, pleased the audience with her chic rendering of Roecker's "Man Proposes" Mr. H. Cassels, a good voice and sang "Beauty's Eyes" which was warmly applauded. There was no lack of comic element which was supplied by Messrs. Peter Lowe, Ben Defrees and Cornwallis Smith all of whom caused endless fun. Mr. G. Thomas sang in a pleasing manner, "Take a pair of sparkling eyes" from Sullivan's Godoliers. The fine Band of the Oxfordshire Light Infantry played some very good selections, and a most enjoyable evening was manifest by the keen delight of all present. Mr. Seymour Dove played all the accompaniments and worked hard for the performance.

H. H. THE AGA KHAN AND HIS FOLLOWERS.

On Thursday afternoon, H. H. Sir Sultan Mahomed-Shah, the Aga Khan, delivered an address to about five thousand of his followers on the subject of the recent secession on the part of some Kojjas who have renounced allegiance to his Highness. Thursday being the twelfth day after the Moharrum there was a big caste dinner given in honour of the occasion, and H. H. the Aga Khan took that opportunity to give a few words of advice to his followers who had assembled in large numbers at the Jamatkhana. His Highness at first alluded to the regrettable incident which took place on the day on his arrival in Bombay from Europe, and impressed upon the minds of his hearers the desirability and absolute necessity of living in peace with their co-religionists, even though they might differ from each other on certain matters of faith. He warned them against laying violent hands on persons professing a different creed from their own, and dwelt at some length upon the desirability of cultivating a spirit of toleration towards those who happened to take a different view of some of their religious doctrines. The Mahomedans of Bombay, His Highness said, ought to set an example to their co-religionists in other parts of the country. That there should be such a thing as rivalry in matters of faith, but that on the contrary, they should learn to tolerate the views of those with whom they might differ. They must never allow their religious feelings to get the better of their judgment, and though they might have a friendly interchange of views, there should be no bitterness of factions among them. There should be no ill-feeling of any kind entertained against the seceders, who were simply following their own opinions and views in matters of religion.

The Mahomedan religion, His Highness continued, enjoined toleration and if his followers did not wish to belie their reputation as true believers of the faith, they must not only be tolerant towards the seceders, but they should also without delay resume all social intercourse with them in the same way as they did before the regrettable incident took place. Religious differences there always were and would be but that time to come, they had no right to come in the way of their social amenities. His Highness asked his followers to consider how the British Government, whose members professed one or other faith, tolerated hundreds and thousands of other faiths in dominions extending over the whole of the world. That was a glorious example which the Khojas could follow with advantage to themselves. In conclusion, his Highness expressed a hope that his words have such a wholesome effect upon his audience, that ere long he would see them exchanging social amenities with the seceders as if nothing untoward had happened between them.

The whole of the assembly then sat down to dinner and H. H. the Aga Khan then left the Jumatkhana.

SIR WAGHJEE WADHWAL CAMP MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The fifth ordinary general meeting of shareholders was held yesterday at the registered office, Hummum Street, Mr. Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey presiding. The following was the director's report:—

The Directors beg to submit for your adoption the Annual Report of the Company's affairs with the audited accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1900, which, after deducting Rs. 2,127 5-3 brought forward, show, they regret to say, a loss of R. 38,840-2-7. Towards this loss they recommend the appropriation of Rs. 15,000 from the Company's depreciation fund, Rs. 10,000 from the Reserve fund, and Rs. 10,000 from the Dividend fund, which would leave a debit balance of Rs. 3,840-2-7. At the suggestion of the Board of Directors, the Agents have entirely given up their Commission. The Directors regret extremely this result and the same is attributed to high price of cotton owing to failure of the monsoon rains in 1899, and low price both of Yarn and Cloth. Owing to the stoppage of several of the Local Mills, it was anticipated that the Yarn Market would revive, and there being no doubt as to the shortness of Cotton Crop, the Company laid in a fair stock of Cotton, which we thought would be unobtainable as the season advanced. This resulted in a good stock of yarn and cloth lying on hand which had to be sold ultimately at not a profitable price. Your Directors did not think it wise to close the mills inasmuch as the working of the mills proved as a relief work for the famine striken people, without any extra loss to the company. We need not say that, had we closed the mills our loss on account of the interest and permanent staff to be paid, would have equalled almost the same amount as at present. Since the commencement of the year your mills are working with hopeful prospect. Your Directors have raised a loan of Rs. 2 lacs, which is secured by a debenture trust dead. Two of the Directors, Mr. Vithaldas Damodhar Thackersey and Mr. Dayaljee Jalthabhai retire from the Board by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. Your Board have elected Mr. Narkadas Dharamsey as an additional Director and you are requested to confirm the election. You are requested to appoint two auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration. The mill buildings with the machinery &c., are insured against fire to the extent of Rs. 4,98,600.

The director's report and the audited accounts were adopted and passed. It was resolved that the loss sustained during the year should be appropriated from the reserve fund. Mr. Vithaldas Damodar Thackersey and Mr. Dayaljee Jalthabhai, who retired by rotation, were re-elected directors. The election of Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey as an additional director was confirmed. Messrs. Govindjee Mahdivjee and Harjivan Sunderdas were appointed auditors with a remuneration of Rs. 150 each. The proceedings ended with the customary compliment to the chairman.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague, Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort, Nowroji, Apollo Bunder, Cuffe Parade	0	0	7
B Mandvi, Khoja, Umarkhadi and Dongri	1	10	39
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbarwada	21	11	32
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Malabar Hill	10	6	23
E Mazagon, Tarwady, Sandhurst Bridge, Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	13	10	11
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	11	7	12
G Mahim and Worli	11	9	18
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	10	18
Total	70	63	193
Total plague deaths to date	94,920	79,365	
Same date last year	53	53	280

BANDRA.

There were 2 attacks and 2 deaths recorded from plague within the limits of the Bandra Municipality on Thursday.

IMPORTING COUNTRY LIQUOR.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Kursondas Chabil has yesterday heard a case under the Abkari Act, in which a Mrs. Athayde was charged with illicit importation into Bombay of eight bottles of country liquor from Goa on the morning of the 13th instant, Mr. D. Sealy appeared for the accused.

Mr. Henry Cassells, preventive officer on duty at the Stone Bunder on the day in question, said that on the accused coming ashore and landing the effects, they underwent examination by her box. Accused opened it and on searching the box witness found that it had a false bottom. He asked what the lower contents were, and was told that there was nothing and that the false bottom had been put in as the box was old. The officer would not accept the explanation and took charge of the box and placed it in his office. Some minutes later a Hindu came to him and admitted that there were bottles of country liquor at the bottom of the box, and asked him to hush it up for a consideration. When Mr. McGuire, another preventive officer, came to the bunder, he and Mr. Cassels opened the box and found eight bottles of country liquor carefully packed in cloth and arranged at the bottom.

Mr. Sealy said his defence would be that his client had nothing to do with the box, which was owned by quite another person.

In cross-examination, Mr. Cassell admitted that the scrutiny of the box was suggested to him by a Goanese Abkari employe, who at the same time told him that the accused was a very respectable person, and was possessed of considerable means. Mr. Cassell was assured of her respectability, and therefore allowed her to go and leave the box behind.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE, APRIL 19.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Capt D G Peart, B	Lieut-Col A W Mackenzie
Mr A Meredith, B Cov	Lieut-Col J W B Meade
Mr R G Panton, B Cov	Lieut-Col A L Mein
Mr B S Carey, B Cov	Lieut-Col R H Rattray
Mr J Saunders, B Cov	Major J Campbell
Mr B Baxter, B	Major W J Newell
Mr G H B Johnston, B	Major C P W Pirie
Mr W H Mills, B	Major A J Price
Mr C A Fleming, B	Capt M F Harding
Mr F Shannon, B	Capt S W Lincoln
Mr W H Mills, B	Capt G Greenlaw
Mr M Hammick, M Cov	Capt C H R Coles
Mr F J Fert, M Cov	Capt C H F Binsted
Mr M A Nairn, Bo	Lieut G H Cooper
Mr A Monk, Bo	Lieut M A Hamer
Mr T J Coulrey, Bo	Lieut R N Macpherson
Mr L H Napier, Bo	

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Lieut-Col C S Rundle, I M S, B, 3 mo, M C	Major R C Onslow, to Nov 15 1901
Mr E Clements, B Cov, 6 mo M C	Major H E Goodwyn, 6 mo
Mr J D Macrae, B, 3 mo M C	Capt H C Bernard, 6 mo
Mr J G Lyle, Bo, 2 mo furl	Capt A W N Raven, 3 mo
Lieut-Col E R Penrose, 6 mo	Lieut R G S Trotter, 14 days
Lieut-Col J M Candy, up to Sept 25, 1901	Lieut G T Mathew, to June 22 1901
Major H B Borradaile, 4 mo	Lieut C A Hughes, 3 mo
	Lieut A J Arthur, 3 mo
	Lieut G G J Carmichael, to April 23, 1901

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Mr F L J Williamson, B Cov	Capt G C Hall
Mr H K S McDermott, B	Lieut W H Pennington
Mr F L Reid, B	Lieut G A R Watts
Major F C Eyad	

A CALCUTTA correspondent writes:—The Victoria Memorial Fund continues to make progress. The first number of the "Curzon Pamphlet," as a Babu the other day ventured to designate the journal of the fund which Mr. Cotton has undertaken to edit, will shortly make its appearance: and the Committee have announced their intention of issuing a preliminary report in the course of the next few days. It is interesting to notice that the subscriptions range from five pie sent by the staff of the Mercantile Bank of India to fifteen lakhs offered by the Kashmir Durbar; but so far there have not been so many aspirants as one could wish for the honour of a place in the scroll of fame which will adorn the Victoria Hall, and if there are still any unobtrusive millionnaires in India who are anxious to do their duty without attracting the notice of the incometax collector, the Committee will, no doubt, be glad to respect their incognito and relieve them of their superfluous lakhs of rupees without delay. After all, what better use can they find for their money?

THE KING'S ACCESSION.

THE SPECIAL MISSIONS.

THE Duke of Abercorn and the members of the Special Mission left Berlin on April 12 for Dresden Sir Frank Lascelles and the members of the British Embassy, as well as Count George von Waldersee and Major von Lobenstein, of the First Dragoon Guards (Queen Victoria's) were at the station.

After the dinner at the British Embassy the previous night the Duke of Abercorn received a number of guests at the Hotel Bristol. Among the Germans present were Prince Hohenlohe, the Foreign Secretary, Baron von Richthofen; Prince (Herbert) Bismarck; the Chief Marshal of the Imperial Court, Count zu Eulenburg, and Col. von Rauch, with several other officers of Queen Victoria's Regt.

The Special Mission arrived at Dresden on April 12. Sir A. Condie Stephen, the British Minister, and the British Consul and Vice-Consul met the Duke of Abercorn at the railway station.

At one o'clock on April 13, Count Rex, the master of the ceremonies, called at the Hotel Bellevue, where the Special Embassy, headed by the Duke of Abercorn, was staying, and subsequently conducted the members of the Mission to the Castle, where they were received in formal audience by the King, in his general's uniform, with the Order of the Garter. The Mission was not received by the Queen, as her Majesty was indisposed. Later on the King received Sir A. Condie Stephen, the British Minister Resident, and his new credentials.

By command of the King, Capt. Count Pfeil has handed to the members of the Mission costly souvenirs, in the shape of vases and other articles from the porcelain factory at Meissen. The Duke of Abercorn, as head of the Embassy, received a large vase bearing the portrait of the King and the arms of Saxony.

In the afternoon the Mission was received by the Princes and Princesses of the Royal House. At six o'clock in the evening a farewell dinner in honour of the Mission at the Royal Castle. Among those present were the King, Princes Friedrich August and Johann-George, all the members of the Mission, Sir A. Condie Stephen, Mr. Schuring, the Premier, Baron von Metzsch-Reichenbach, the Minister of the Interior, Herr von Plunitz, the general commanding the 12th Army Corps, and others. The health of King Edward was proposed by the King, and the Duke of Abercorn responded by proposing the health of the King of Saxony.

The Special Mission, after attending divine service in the English Church on Sunday, drove at a quarter to one to the royal shooting box at Maritzburg, where luncheon was served. The members of the Embassy accepted an invitation from Sir A. Condie Stephen for the evening.

The Mission, accompanied by General von Planitz, the Minister of War, on April 15, visited the garrison church and the barracks in the Albertstadt quarter. In the evening the members of the Embassy dined with Herr von Metzsch-Reichenbach, Minister of State.

The Mission, after having visited the picture gallery on April 16, left Dresden shortly after four, being accompanied to the Railway station by Capt. Count Pfeil. It arrived in London on April 17.

The Earl of Mount Edgcumbe and the other members of the British Special Mission left Rome on April 12 en route for The Hague. Lord Currie and the Embassy staff, Major Uboldi del Capel, and General Slade were at the station. During their stay in Rome the members of the Mission have received constant and cordial attention from King Victor Emmanuel and the Italian authorities.

The members of the Special British Mission and Sir Nicholas O'Conor, with the staff of the Embassy, were present at the ceremony of the Selamlik, at Constantinople on April 12, which was followed by a military march past, in honour of the Mission. After the Selamlik Lord Wolseley and the Ambassador were received in private audience by the Sultan. All the members of the Mission subsequently visited the imperial stables. A farewell dinner was given in the evening at Yildiz Kiosk to the Mission, at which there were present, besides the members of the Special Mission, Sir Nicholas O'Conor, British Ambassador, Lady O'Conor, and the principal members of the British Embassy with their wives. After dinner the Sultan and his guests were present at a private musical performance. The members of the Mission afterwards took leave of the Sultan. His Majesty requested Lord Wolseley expressly to King Edward his good wishes for the prosperity of his reign.

Lord Wolseley and his suite on April 13 lunched with Col. Ponsonby, military attaché to the Embassy, and Mrs. Ponsonby. Afterwards his lordship, accompanied by Mr. Plunkett, junior, third dragoman to the Embassy, made some purchases in the bazaars of Stamboul, and then, accompanied by Mr. Block, chief dragoman, paid a series of parting visits to official personages. In the evening a farewell dinner was given at the Embassy, a number of members of the Diplomatic Body being among the guests.

At noon on the 14th the Mission left Constantinople on board H. M. S. Imogene for the Piraeus.

After the ceremonies, called at the Hotel Bellevue, where the Special Embassy, headed by the Duke of Abercorn, was staying, and subsequently conducted the members of the Mission to the Castle, where they were received in formal audience by the King, in his general's uniform, with the Order of the Garter. The Mission was not received by the Queen, as her Majesty was indisposed. Later on the King received Sir A. Condie Stephen, the British Minister Resident, and his new credentials.

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DIVINE SERVICE.

FOURTH SUNDAY AFTER EASTER, MAY 5.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—(Choral)—Tours in F. Hymns—Introit 1, 204, 310, 136. No Children's and Service,
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Hymns—123, 13 and 342. Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Stanford in B flat. The collections are for the Cathedral Schools
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

(Afghan Memorial Church.)

8 a.m.—Missa Cantata—Tours in F.
Hymns—174, 315 and 456.
11 a.m.—Choral, Matins and Sermon.—Parade Service.
Hymns—126, 516 and 230.
6 p.m.—Choral Evensong and Sermon.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Bunnett.
Hymns—19, 262 and 227.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon by Rev. H. McNeile.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. H. McNeile.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE,

(Near School of Art.)

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—301, 187 and 319.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.
Hymns—176, 198 and 222.
The Offertories for Church Expenses.

ST. NICHOLAS SEAMEN'S CHURCH.

Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Daily Services.
7 a.m.—Matins.
5 p.m.—Evensong.
The north door of the Church is left open every day till sunset for private prayer.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,

(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service—Psalm 130, tune 121.
Hymns—156, 166, 207 2nd tune,
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Holy Communion
Psalms—116 v. 13 tune 66.
Hymns—317, 320, 323.
Paraphrase—35, tune 9.
Collection for the Poor Fund.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.

Madras Time.

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist,
8-30 a.m.—Matins.
Hymns—176 and 261.
5-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns.—291, 162 and 271.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL,

6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
(No morning service.)

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Matins.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist, choral.
6 p.m.—Evensongs choral and Sermon, Preacher Rev. Father Biscoe.

SAINT STEPHEN'S CHURCH, BANDRA.

11 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.

(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service. Preacher Rev. W. Sced.
6 p.m.—Preacher Rev. W. Sced.
7 p.m.—Sacrament of the Lords Supper.
7-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
8 p.m.—Social Hour.

(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.)

9-30 a.m.—Preacher, Rev. F. E. Atkins.
6 p.m.—Preacher, Rev. F. E. Atkins.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

LIST OF ENTRIES FOR THIS AFTERNOON'S SAILING RACES.

Yachts handicap final race for Colonel H W Boyd's Cup Start with time in hand, first yacht sailing at about 2-15 p m

Course No 3, viz, from Committee Vessel round South Karanja Buoy, and round Sunk Rock, leaving both to starboard; round North Karanja Buoy leaving it to port, and finishing at Committee Vessel. Length of course 10½ miles.

Yacht.	Owner.
Mannikin	Officers, R A
Pixie	Mr E K Smetham
Nanth	Mr G T W Olver
Melody	Mr J B K Macbeth
Forelia	Mr C T R Scovell

Ship's boats (service rig) race at 3 o'clock.

Course No 5, viz, from Committee Vessel round North Karanja Buoy, round South Karanja Buoy and back to Committee Vessel, leaving all marks to starboard. Length of course 8¾ miles.

Boat.	Entered by.
R I M Dockyard cutter	Mr A Mitchell
H M S Abyssinia's cutter	Lt W R G Petre
R I M Dockyard cutter	Mr A Mitchell
H M S Pasey's cutter	Lt W R G Petre

'Tomtit' class ordinary race and 'Tomtit' class handicap final race for Colonel Boyd's Cup to start at 3-30,

Course No. 8 followed by No. 13, viz., from Committee Vessel round North Karanja Buoy and round Tucker Beacon leaving both to port; round North Karanja Buoy, round Committee Vessel, round Middle Ground Buoy and round Marabeal with 'R' flags at South Prongha Buoy, leaving them all to starboard, and back to Committee Vessel. Length of course 8½ miles.

Boat.	Owner.
Mog	Mr C H Byrne
Cuttlefish	Capt G Lamb, I M S
Tomtit	Dr F M Gibson

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON FRIDAY, THE 3RD OF MAY.

SUMMARY.

With the exception of a brisk fall in Sind and at Jeypore and Sangor, pressure changes have been small and somewhat irregular. Readings are high at in the South and lowest in the North. Gradients are steep in Sind and moderate to slight elsewhere.

Rains are variable in direction and the force has been moderate to light.

The maximum temperature is from 5° to 10° above the normal in Upper Sind, the Punjab and North-West Provinces and at Jeypore, while it is much below the average in Mysore and at a few stations in the Madras Presidency. The minimum is from 5° to 12° in excess in Sind, the Punjab, Rajputana and Berar and at Veraval, Deesa, Neemuch, Hoshangabad and Khandwa. The highest temperature in the shade was 115° at Jacobabad and the lowest 71° at Bangalore.

Humidity changes are unimportant and the skies are cloudy to overcast almost everywhere.

Moderate to light showers have fallen at Bellary, Cochin, Belgaum, Poona and Sholapur, and a few drops at Cuddapah, Bangalore and Colombo.

The isobars indicate the existence of a low pressure area to the north-west of Jacobabad, where the weather is unsettled; and as the barometer in the Punjab, Rajputana, Central India and Central Provinces shows a tendency to fall, the weather to the north of latitude 22° is likely to become more or less cloudy.

Light scattered rain may be expected at a very few stations in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,
GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 2nd May, 1901.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 dec. Fah	inches	29·843
Temperature of the Air	degrees	86·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer		78·2
Dew Point		75·2
Relative humidity of Air		0·700
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)		4·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day	degrees	91·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)		82·0
General Directions of wind		WNW. NW. W.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours	miles	181

* From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director, Government Observatory.

PIANOS.

FOR

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Metis, 2,195 tons, Captain J Carter, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Kilindini, 23rd April, in ballast.

THE s s Kirkdale, 1,833 tons, Captain A J Gibson, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Colombo, 28th April, in ballast.

THE City Line s s City of Lucknow, 2,370 tons, Captain D Morrison, sailed yesterday, for London, with a general cargo.

THE s s Aphrodite, 2,563 tons, Captain R McGregor, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta, 29th April, with a cargo of coal.

THE P and O S N Co's s s Mazagon, 3,279 tons, Captain G W Cockman, will sail to-day, for China and Japan, with a general cargo.

THE Asiatic S N Co's s s Rajah, 3,634 tons, Captain J L Leftwich, arrived in harbour on Thursday, from Calcutta, 21st April with a cargo of coal.

THE s s Kelvindale, 2,020 tons, Captain S Bradley, will sail to-day, for Dunkirk and Hull, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr and Mrs Crof, Capt Lewis, Mr Taylor and Mr Stewart.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kola, 497 tons, Captain J C Tice, sailed yesterday, for Karachi, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr Charles Graham, Mrs Chettar and 4 children, Mr Davidson, and 60 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Vadala, 2,161 tons, Captain S Boon, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Zanzibar, 12th April, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Gateby, Mr W Mahomed, Mrs Murray, Mr Ramdas, Mr J S Singh, and 72 deck.

THE B I S N Co's s s Java, 919 tons, Captain H McDearmid arrived in harbour on Tuesday, from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and 33 cases opium and 30 deck passengers. During the voyage she experienced very heavy swell, from the south and strong adverse currents.

THE B I S N Co's s s Sindhana, 2,073 tons, Captain T E Smith, sailed yesterday, for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Lieut and Mrs Hodgkinson and infant, Mrs Potts, Dr K B Cooper, Mr Framjee B Bharucha, Mr Cursetjee Bomonjee, Mr Eduljee Framjee and 21 deck.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—MAY 3.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent
Tenasserim					Receiving Hulk
Magdala		Groet			Turret-ship
Abyssinia		Groet			Turret-ship
Plassey		Carver			Torpedo Catcher
Assaye		Lambert			Do
Clive		Warden	Wet Basin		R I Marine
Pigion		de Satgé			Royal Navy
Persipolis	800	Ibrahim			Persian Gunboat
Unamina (barque)	492	Roberts			V Kaderbhoy
Bombay	2040	Monat			A Montechoff & Co
Hemzala	1341	Howdren			M M & Co
Sindhana	2073	Smith	Calcutta		M M & Co
Venus	2312	Morgan			M M & Co
Pachumba	941	Rickford			M M & Co
Investigator		Heming			R I Marine
Yarrowdale	1908	Geddes			P & O Co
Ishandon	2167	Anstey			W & A G & Co
Okara	3439	Sheldrick			M M & Co
Onipenta	3420	Hirst			M M & Co
Terrier	1026	Kamejard			R Stewart & Co
Rajah	3634	Leftwich			T M & Co
Java	919	McDarmid			M M & Co
Kirkdale	1833	Gibson			P & O Co
Vadala	2161	Hoon			M M & Co
Aphrodite	2563	McGregor			M M & Co
Pachumba	941	Rickford			M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MAY 3.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent
A	Clan Macleod	1338	Lennox	Hamburg	7-5	F M & Co
B	Tokio	2826	Jones	Karachi	7-5	F M & Co
C	Southgate	2378	Thompson	Amsterdam	11-5	Ralli Bros
D	Scotia	1834	Garrick	Liverpool	11-5	A G & Co
F	Methley Hall	2236	Buck	Karachi	4-5	K N & Co
G	Nasori	902	Davison	Jeddah	6-5	B & P S N Co
K	Forerie	2595	White	Antwerp	4-5	F M & Co
N	Nankin	2357	Benton	China	8-5	P & O Co
O	Knarisbo	2019	Tyson	Liverpool	11-5	Bombay Co
Q	Kelvindale	2020	Bradley	Hull	3-5	W A G & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahanadi	547	Fairweather	Karachi	1-5 Sprd & Co
Kaveri	933	Ahmed	Marmagoa	3-5 Do.

* Probable date of departure.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
2	Rajah s	Leftwich	Calcutta, April 21
	Java s	McDarmed	Bareh, April 19
3	Arabia s	Pantt	London, April 12
	Kirkdale s	Gibson	Colombo, April 28
	Vadala s	Hoon	Zanzibar, April 12
	Aphrodite s	McGregor	Calcutta, April 29
	Metis s	Carter	Kilindini, April 23

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
3	Pekin s	Fox	Yokohama, &c
	Florida s	Chapman	Hull, &c
	Sindhana s	Smith	Calcutta, &c
	City of Lucknow s	Morrison	London

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday:—

Steamer Mozagon, Cockman, for China and Japan,
" Kelvindale, Bradley, for Dunkirk and Hull.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Kirkdale, for China and Japan.
" Java, for Persian Gulf.
" Vadala, for Zanzibar, &c.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 3.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Macleod s—15 bales paper, B Shapurji; 48 cases confectionery, R J Rustomji and Co; 5 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 51 cases ginger wine and rum, D Dadabhoy.

Scotia s—17 cases paper, M A M Shurufally.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Macleod s—71 cases slates, M Acamjee.

Scotia s—17 bales paper, H Ascoolally; 75 cases slates, A Essoolally; 250 boxes bar soap, A Ebrahim.

Clyndesdale s—23 cases ink stationery, &c, H Abdoolally.

FROM NEW YORK.

Scotia s—720 barels lubricating oil, Texuum Oil Co,

FROM HAMBURG.

Steinberger s—2 hogs head brandy, Dunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM ROULOGNE.

Peninsular s—29 cases still wine, Phipson and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 3.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scotia s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Knarisbro s—2008 cwt linseed, Ralli Brothers.

Methley Hall s—2 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; 12 cwt curry powder, M Poonjabas and Sons.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Bohemia s—2033 cwt rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 7138 cwt rapeseed, Megjee Vulubdas; 8004 cwt poppyseed, Megjee Vulubdas; 1000 bales cotton, Goodrum and Co; 140 bales cotton, G Tejpal and Co; 20.0 cwt rapeseed, David Sassoon and Co.

Kelvindale s—2001 cwt rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 18 cwt cottonseed, N Futenally and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Clan Macleod s—255 cwt gum, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 1000 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 100 bales cotton, G Tejpal and Co.

FOR HULL.

Tokio s—2200 cwt castorseed, Nansee Khairoz and Co; 4500 cwt castorseed, Ralli Brothers; 2000 cwt cottonseed, E Moojee.

FOR HAVRE.

Karachi s—2,000 cwt rapeseed, Ritchie Stewart and Co; 3,000 cwt cottonseed, M H Jamal; 6,000 cwt rapeseed, Forbes Forbes and Co; 2,000 bales cotton, Goddum and Co; 2,091 cwt mustardseed and 2,091 cwt linseed, A Blaschcek and Co.

FOR GOTHENBURG.

Tokio s—50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Assyria s—3,000 cwt poppyseed, 3,760 cwt linseed and 10,000 cwt rapeseed, Volkart Brothers; 3,000 cwt rapeseed and 2,000 cwt linseed, John Fachiri; 300 cwt linseed and 1,500 cwt poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 114 bales hemp, J Chaves and Co; 5,000 cwt rice, Dharsee Nanjee and Co; 6,000 cwt rapeseed, Forbes Forbes and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Paramatta s—144 bales twist, Framjee Sons and Co; 67 bales twist, C Homanjee and Co.

Nankin s—13 bales twist, Tata and Co; 68 bales cotton, Finlay Muir and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nankin s—37 bales twist, Tata and Co; 501 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 376 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY CAPTAIN F. L. SPROTT, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 4th May.

1. The following member has been transferred from No. 1 to No. 2 Company and posted to No. 1 Sub-division.—No. 659 Gunner A. H. Jones.

2. Leave of absence for 12 months is granted to Gunner A W Wise, from the 6th instant.

By Order,
C. C. KERNICK, Lieut.
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The Annual Harbour Excursion will take place to-day. Particulars can be seen on the Club Notice Board.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.*

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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3 CONTENTS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
4-5 THE WEEK—Throwing a Corrosive Acid.—Attempt to Murder a Farsi—Poona College of Science.
6 SPORTING NEWS: Royal Bombay Yacht Club—Indian Cricketers I have met.
7 The Lansdowne Road Mystery—Fatal Fire near the Crawford Market—The Simla Season—Bombay Port Trust.
8 A Miracle Play at Noakhali—The Noakhali Case—Mr. Pennell's Fresh Memorial—Romances and Verse.
9 Arrival of the H. E. M. Steamer Investigator—The Nilgiri Rail Extension—Bombay Mill-owners' Association.
10 Thefts of Tea in Calcutta—Plague Vaccine—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—Tragic death through Chlorodyne.
11 The Mohurrum Festival—Doings in the Red Sea—A Fasting Lady in Bombay.
12 Alexandra Native Girls' Institution—P & O. Steamer Ashore in China—The Acting Municipal Commissioner—Building Operations in Calcutta.
13 The "Healthiness" of Ahmedabad—The Extension of Calcutta—The Indian Mining Association—St. Mary's Ex-Students' Union—The Escape of a Boer Prisoner—What is Evil.
14 The Census of French India—Unveiling the Portrait of the Late Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ranade—Death of a Prominent Poona Pleader—Bombay Corporation.
15 Fancy Ball at Belgaum—Buried Treasure—Municipal Standing Committee.
16 Bombay Temperance Conference—Plague Riot in Calcutta.
17 Fatal Accident to a European—The Rajah of Sarawak—The Tapti Valley Railway—Contested Municipal Elections—Incident of the Royal Visit to Aden.
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Indian Borderland—The State of China.
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20 LEADING ARTICLES: A lesson from the Colonies—Municipal Elections—Income Tax in Bombay Presidency.
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26 The Native Press—Indian Cotton Spinning—OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Bombay Government orders—Government of India Orders—Railway Returns.
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28 Bombay Bank and Stock List—Shipping Intelligence—Arrival of the Overland Mail of 12th April—Passengers per s. s. Imperatrix.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DUBASH—May 3, at her family residence, Chowpatty, Bombay, Bai Goolbai, the widow of the late Khan Bahadoor Framjeeboy Hormusjee Dubash, and mother of Messrs. Sorabjee and Kawasjee Dadabhoy Dubash, Merchants and Abkari Contractors. Her remains will be carried to the Towers of Silence this (Saturday) morning at 7-30.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

BRADLEY—April 12, at Farnham, the wife of Capt H V Bradley, (P W O) Gourkhas, of a son.

DEATHS.

ATKINSON—April 11, at The Elms, Upper Long Ditton, wife of W Atkinson, of Lancaster Place, Strand, daughter of the late G J Parry, and grand-daughter of Major-Genl Brooks, H E I C S, sometime Governor of Bombay.

BUTLER—April 10, at Thaba'Nchu, South Africa, of enteric fever, Archibald Butler, South African Constabulary, the eldest son of Lieut-Col James Butler, Indian Staff Corps, aged 21.

FLEMING—April 13, at Higher Leigh, Combe Martin, N Devon, Col G Fleming, C B, LL D, F R C V S, &c, Principal Veterinary Surgeon to the Army (retired), aged 68.

NOBLE—April 10, at Inverness Terrace, G E Noble, for 35 years in the service of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, aged 55.

KEMP'S LIST.

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People, such as you meet every day this hot weather should drink

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1901.

MODERN ABYSSINIA.

ALL parts of Africa are fast losing their dark mystery. They are not alone like the rest of the world and as good, they are in many ways better. Abyssinia has perhaps at all times been more accessible than Central Africa, but it has often been misunderstood. Of "Modern Abyssinia" Mr. Augustus B. Wylde writes in the highest terms. He knows it now so well that he could find his way alone through its plains and mountains, and he has studied the idiosyncrasies of its people from long and friendly intercourse in sickness and in health. He likes them and says that "there is no harder worker than the Abyssinian peasant, and no more harmless and hospitable person when left alone and properly treated; and no more truculent, worthless, lazy, conceited and useless individual than the Abyssinian mercenary soldier, who formerly did nothing but prey upon the defenceless cultivator." He ought to know for he travelled from Macalle to Addis Abeba on a summons from King Menelek, with a soldier escort and it took him all his time to prevent the most outrageous exactions being made on the unfortunate inhabitants along his route. The officer of this escort, Hailou, made him depart from his invariable rule. He says:—"With the exception of shaking the officer in charge of me, which did him good, I never had to lay hands on a single person in the whole country." The pleasure of this part of his travels was considerably spoilt by the gyrations of this Hailou who instead of going "along a nice high road, went by monkey paths," in order the better to fleece the unfortunate inhabitants. Still it was a unique experience, as he saw the best and the worst of the people in this way, and certainly the humours of his journey are entertaining, for he took a delight in circumventing Hailou in his efforts to feed his escort on the highwayman system. King Menelek he found most kind, as were all the men of mark and chiefs in Abyssinia, Ras Mangesha, now a prisoner, Ras Aloula, gone to his rest, Ras Woli, and many others. Mr. Wylde never wearies in praising their kindness and attention and shews that with him, who could do nothing in return, it did not mean sacrificing a sprat to catch a salmon, but sheer natural goodness. King Menelek he found well informed on every topic, except as to England, and there he could see that the King had been coached by unfriendly heads. Mr. Wylde is convinced that the normal Abyssinian is a quiet, peace-loving person, who would gladly welcome a Power strong enough to establish a government under which he would not be harried, but could live his life in peace and the plenty which his fertile and lovely land offers him. Now nominally, ten per cent only of the produce is taken by the King, but there is the tax collector to be propitiated and the soldiery who are perpetually passing back and forth, with "orders" for supplies on the way, and this tax is far more than the ten per cent. thrice told. Besides, savage ill-treatment is dealt out to the people by the soldiery if they are thwarted in their demands.

The physique of the Northern Abyssinians is fine. They are a splendid race. Mr. Wylde, in describing the women, seems to have a malicious memory of other less favored dames. "The men do not seem to be cursed with the bad-tempered, cross-grained women that exist in other parts of the world, as the females of the country are charming, but like the flowers that surround them, are short-lived, and soon run to seed. . . Woman's place in Yejju seems to be to please and when she ceases to be a companion or to make herself agreeable, she is made to work and someone else takes her place in the affections of her husband." Of their beauty he speaks highly. He was a guest at the marriage of Ras Mangesha with a daughter of Ras Woly, and when the bride and her eight attendant maidens arrived, he audaciously lifted up a corner of the silk banner that encircled them and was well rewarded for the trouble, as he did not remember ever having seen a lot of prettier native girls assembled together. The women of the upper classes are cleverer than the men, according to Mr. Wylde, and from what he has seen, "and he has seen his share," he thinks they will play an important part in the politics of the country. They cannot be silenced in Mahomedan fashion, though here again the traveller lets himself go, and says he believes "the Turk has sometimes the best of the Englishman, and I know several married men who wish that they and their partners belonged to the Mahomedan faith, and that they lived near some convenient sheet of water." Ras Mangesha during Mr. Wylde's stay at Macalle was keen on his sending good accounts of him to England, that he was a fit person to rule the country. He seemed then the weak man he has since proved himself, though well-intentioned. Mr. Wylde could not report well of him. As he said: "Men are wanted in Abyssinia . . . and whatever nation gets hold of the country ought to send out broad-backed sport-loving, good all round gentlemen to rule the place, and not small, undersized specimens of humanity jointed together with red tape, knowing only the desk and the law and trying to rule by threats and not by deeds. Speaking of threats there are no jails in Abyssinia, except for political offences. Men are tried for other crimes, and condemned to whipping or different degrees of mutilation, which very sufficiently indicate their character. The loss of a hand shows a thief at a glance, and so on. Every man is his own lawyer. They can all talk well, women as well as men. Justice is somewhat summary, but Mr. Wylde likes it "such a difference from the Babu and Hindu mode of doing business." Meanwhile French influence is strongest in Abyssinia. The telephones and postal arrangements are French, post cards, and stamps are made in France, the postal officials are Frenchmen "who invariably like seeing the contents of the letters that pass through their hands, as they take the most lively interest in the correspondence of visitors to the country." The projected telegraph lines will be French. The railway, though it makes abnormally slow progress, will also be French. The silver coinage, not yet popular, is French. King Menelek's tenth part of the produce of the country is handed over to French merchants to dispose of.

The writer had an opportunity of seeing the working of an Abyssiuian call to arms. A proclamation came to Adowa from Ras Aloula calling the yeomen to arms. Five minutes had not elapsed before accredited messengers with copies of the proclamation were out of the town and off to inform the people within a radius of three hundred miles. This was done in less than twenty four hours. Every one in Adowa worked at preparing supplies, and every man vied with his neighbour to be fully equipped the first in the market green. The muster was good, and a rendezvous, twelve miles away, was arranged for the following morning. The warriors gaily started at dawn and the Ras expected to have 4,000 men by noon ready to march against the enemy, who, this time was the revolted prince of Agame. The governors of the large towns are responsible for the result of the war proclamation, the choums or chiefs in the villages and so on. Every variety of climate and soil is to be found in Abssinia. Yejju is fabulously beautiful. "Ceylon at its best cannot rival" the varied and wonderful flora to be met in a morning's ride and this enthusiastic correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" speaks thus of Yejju: "I do not believe that this world can produce a more lovely and prosperous spot, nature having blessed this place with her choicest gifts." The country is most fertile, though the ravages of the cattle plague have done much damage, for on the cattle depended directly or indirectly the cultivation of the ground. Irrigation is on a system somewhat similar to that of the Ceylon natives, and the people shrink from no amount of hard work to keep the water channels on the sides of the hills in order. They are rewarded by plentiful harvests. Cereals of every sort, vegetables in profusion chillies which are eaten in enormous quantities, cotton for home consumption, coffee, mostly for export, are the chief crops. Fruit was not much grown, but the people have acquired a taste for it now, and besides dates and grapes, which are from time immemorial, oranges, limes, peaches, apricots, bananas, pomeloes, papyas flourish. Mr. Wylde arouses in his readers a wild desire to travel in Abyssinia, to enjoy its fine scenery and its bracing mountain air, to shoot its game, of which there is an enormous variety. The country is a safe one to travel through if one gets a permit in, and a pass out,

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

THE OPPOSITION AND THE COAL DUTY.

LONDON, MAY 2.

In the House of Commons to-night, Sir W. V. Harcourt denounced the coal tax in the Budget as slipshod, slapdash, reactionary finance and painted the effect it would have on trade in the darkest colours. He said the Opposition would resist it at every stage.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach ridiculed the idea that the miners pay the tax, which, he said, would fall largely on the foreigner, who is unable to dispense with English coal, and partially on the coal owners, whose profits latterly have been enormous. He proposed to deal fairly with those contracts already entered into, though the Treasury would lose thereby; but the tax was not proposed for one year only.

THE DEBATE ON THE COAL DUTY.

LONDON, MAY 3.

The debate in the Commons on the coal duty, which is of unexpected length, has been adjourned Until Monday.

AFFAIRS IN CHIANA.

THE INDEMNITY QUESTION.

The report of the Indemnity Committee of the Ministers at Peking has been referred home to the respective Governments.

It says that it is not probable that China will be able to pay the requisite sixty-five millions sterling, and proposes four alternatives, of which it favours a loan guaranteed by the Powers and recommends the utilization of the Maritime Customs and the imposition of fresh duties.

THE JAPANESE CABINET.

The Japanese Cabinet has resigned.

THE SPREAD OF PLAGUE.

Cases of plague have occurred at Mafeking and at Constantinople.

DEATH OF AN M. P.

The death is announced of the Hon'ble Armine Wodehouse, member for Saffron Waldron.

[The Hon. Armine Wodehouse, C.B., was forty years old and the younger son of Lord Kimberley, and acted as private secretary to his father, having thus had experience of both Foreign and Indian affairs. He unsuccessfully contested the Isle of Wight in 1895. His widow is a daughter of the late Mathew Arnold.]

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 3.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Colonel Anthoniz, R. A. M. C., is brought on the Administrative Medical Staff.

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Second Lieutenants D. E. Robertson, J. L. Murphy, and C. T. Banks, are admitted to the Staff corps.

Captains Gremston, Tighe, Wimble, Holland, Ivatt, Fyrer, Boileau, Legan-Home, Barton, Johnstone Hawke, Rich, Davis, Clements and Turner to be Majors and Lieutenants Davidson and Wooldridge to be Captains.

Lieut.-Colonel H. L. Ramsay is permitted to retire.

Bombay Assistant-Surgeon M. A. Burry retires from the 20th instant.

Lieut.-Colonel Waters, I. M. S. Bombay, Hon. Major J. R. Faulds, Bombay Miscellaneous List and Bombay Assistant-Surgeon Calderia are permitted to retire from the service.

1st Bombay-Baroda Railway Volunteers.—Captain Pratt receives the Volunteer officer's decoration.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Engineer A. Mackey, R. I. M., has been granted six months' extension of leave.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut Colonel Dobson, Residency Surgeon, Mysore reverts to Military employ.

Mr. E. H. Blakesly is posted to be Commissioner of Ajmeer, Merwara, and Lieutenant A. B. Minchin 1st Assistant to the Governor General's Agent at Rajputana.

Lieut Colonel Herbert officiates as Governor-General's Agent Central India, vice the Honorable Mr. Bayley.

Lieutenant L. H. Haworth and S. H. Jacob are appointed probationers for the Political Department and attached to the Punjab Commission.

PARCEL POST REFORM.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned Mr. Fanshawe's proposals for the reform of the Indian Inland Parcel Postage. The new rates for unregistered parcels will be as follows: For a parcel not exceeding 20 tolas 2 annas; for a parcel exceeding 20 tolas but not exceeding 40 tolas 4 annas; for each additional 40 tolas or fraction of 40 tolas up to 440 tolas (about 11 lbs) 2 annas. The registration fee on these parcels when registered will be in all cases 2 annas. The postage for parcels above 440 tolas in weight will remain unaltered but the registration fee will be reduced to 2 annas from the date on which these reductions come into force. Prepayment of postage will be compulsory in case of all parcels. It is estimated that the reductions now sanctioned will apart from any resulting increase of business involve a sacrifice of about 5 lakhs of rupees a year. The date from which effect will be given to these measures of reform has not yet been determined.

CASUALTIES AT CHINA.

A telegram from General Gaselee reports one man of 6th Jats as killed in action at Funing on the 22nd April, also two men of the 4th Punjab Infantry and two of the 6th Jats as wounded; but all are doing well.

MAHABOBHI'S GREETING.

(FROM MAHABODHI SOCIETY.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 3.

On this the 2,445 Parinirvana Anniversary of Tathagat Buddha, the Bengal Buddhists send joyous greetings to the people of the Bombay Presidency and hope they will have peace and prosperity all the year. "Let compassion be shewn to all."

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, MAY 2

The P. and O. S. N. Co's steamer Britannia arrived here this afternoon.

SUEZ, MAY 2.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Buchanan arrived here from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta yester lay evening.

Florio and Rubattino Company's s. s. Indipendente arrived at Aden on the 2nd instant, and left for Venice on the same day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MAY 2.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.
Surats dull.
Good Brownuggar 3 20-32.
The Manchester market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	94 3-4
2 per cent. Reduced	101 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	63 3-8
Bar Silver	27 3-8

The sum of only Rs. 2,200,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total Bullion, £35,440,000; Decrease, £500,000; Public Deposits, £9,930,000; Increase, £1,500,000; Other Deposits, £40,200,000; Decrease, £3,100,000; Other Securities, £38,800,000; Decrease, £500,000; Notes and Gold, £23,500,000; Decrease, £1,00,000.

The Bank's Reserve is 47 per cent. of the Liabilities.

ARRIVALS: Krongberg and Mikado.

In the Nawashahr and Phillaur tahsils of the Jullundur district there were a total number of 61 cases of plague, 26 deaths and 15 discharges on the 25th April, and 65 cases, 36 deaths and 22 discharges on the 26th April. The disease had also spread to four more villages in this district. In the Garhshankar tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district, there were 7 fresh cases of plague on the 26th April, and 16 cases on the 27th. Two more villages had become infected. Three more cases of plague were reported from Khasmanan on the 28th April. There were 67 fresh cases of plague in the Kapurthala State from the 26th to the 28th April.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MAY 3.

Station Staff.—Captain Britton, 1st Bombay Light Infantry, to be S. S. O., 2nd class, Deesa, vice Lieutenant Reogh, 2nd Bombay Lancers, relieved of his temporary appointment.

1st Bombay Grenadiers.—2nd-Lieutenant Boulton, Unattached List, to be Double Company Officer.

3rd Bombay Light Infantry, 2nd-Lieutenant Davis, Unattached List, to be Double Company Officer, 4th Bombay Battery.

2nd-Lieutenant Black, Unattached List, to be officiating Squadron Officer, 20th Bombay Infantry.

2nd-Lieutenant Balderston, Unattached List, to be Double Company Officer on being relieved of the appointment of officiating D. A. A. G. for Instruction, Poona.

Captain Donnell, 1st Battalion, West Yorks Regiment, is directed to rejoin his Battalion at Karachi.

Captain Mclean, Black Watch, Royal Highlanders, is directed to proceed to South Africa and join the 2nd Battalion to which he has been posted on promotion.

The undermentioned Officers and Warant Officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—Lieut. Crawford, 2nd Bombay Lancers, Assistant-Surgeon Curry, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

The undermentioned Officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under leave rules for the Staff Corps, specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—Major Burton, Staff Corps, D. A. A. G. for Musketry Bombay Command, has one year, pension service, twenty-third year, commenced on 22nd January, 1901.

Lieut. Mitchell, Staff Corps, Adjutant 24th Bombay Infantry, has one year, pension service, tenth year commenced 28th October, 1900.

Lieut.-Col. Monteith, Staff Corps, Commandant, 2nd Bombay Lancers, has one year, pension service, twenty-ninth year commenced on 13th November, 1900.

Capt. Stuart, Staff Corps, Double Commander, Company, 25th Bombay Rifles has one year, pension service, fifteenth year commenced on 8th December, 1900.

The undermentioned Officers have leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Major Stanton, D. S. O., Assistant Military Secretary and Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Bombay, has been granted 8 months' leave on private affairs out of India.

Royal Field Artillery—2nd Lieut. Boddam Whetham, 45th Battery, has been granted 6 months, leave on private affairs out of India.

Royal Army Medical Corps.—Lieut.-Colonel Harwood has been granted three months' leave on private affairs out of India.

Extensions—Staff Corps, Commissariat Department.—Col. B. L. P. Reilly has been granted one month and six days' extension of leave on medical certificate.

Extraordinary leave without pay, Erinpura Irregular Force:—Lieut.-Colonel Cole has been granted seven days' leave on private affairs.

Major Davison, the Mint Master of Bombay, retires on the 18th instant.

Lieutenant-Colonel Burton, 25th Madras Infantry has eight months' leave home.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA, MAY 3.

Major Aplin, 7th Bombay Pioneers, and Lieutenant Birdwood, Central India Horse, and nine 3rd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, have been permitted to return to India.

BOMBAY ARRIVALS, MAY 3.—Tytler, Captain, Bengal, 11th B. I. from leave from England.

Jennings, Major, Bengal, R. A., on leave from Secunderabad.

Cookson, Major, Punjab, R. A., from leave from England.

MacMac, Lieutenant, Punjab, 22 P. I., from leave from England.

Gunner, Lieutenant-Colonel, Punjab, R. A., on leave from Rawalpindi.

Yardley, 2nd Lieutenant, Punjab, 2nd Irish Fusiliers, to join from Malta.

Thwayter, Major, Madras, 24th M. I., from leave from England.

Grant, Major, Madras, 4th B. B., from England.

Dawson, 2nd Lieutenant, Madras, R. Warwickshire Regiment on transfer from Home.

Boddam Whesham, Lieutenant, Bombay, R. F. A., on leave from Ahmednagar.

Westmacott, Sir Major-General, Bo Staff on leave from Mhow.

Lane, Captain, Bombay, 28th Pioneers on leave from Gambat.

DEPARTURE MAY 3.—Thwaytes, Major, Madras, 24th M. I., to rejoin to Secunderabad.

RETURN OF THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

The steamer Dalhousie with the Indian Contingent from Australia is due at Bombay on the 7th instant.

THE LEVEE AT VICEREGAL LODGE.

The Levee at the Viceregal lodge at Simla is fixed for Thursday, the 30th instant.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. S. N. Co's s. s. Calsdonia, Captain E. H. Gordon, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi and Aden, with the English Mail and the following passengers:—

Stevens, Mr C F
Stevens, Mrs
Wood, Mr A H
Moss, Mr L S
Saunders, Mrs M W
Brooks, Mr, Mrs J C and 2 infants
Bowen, Annie Mrs
Hewitt, Mr G E
Allen, Alexander Mr
Owen, Mr and Mrs F A
Bouter, Mr W L
Pattman, Mr H A
Tucker, Mr F H
Pratt, Mrs, Miss & 3 children
Kilroy, Mrs P E
Georges, Col and Mrs W
Gracey, Mr and Mrs H K
Mcclogbury, Lt-Col and Mrs J
Smith, Mrs A
Steel, Mrs C D
Hebbert Mr F B
Hadlington, Mr C B
Steel, Mrs C B
Hebbert, Mrs
Smallhorn, Mrs H
Coward, Mr W T
Spence, Mr N H
Hunter, Mrs and child
Down, Mr J E
Pierce, Mr
Macrae, Col
Weymouth, 2 Misses
Kirkpatrick, Mrs J A and child
Elton, Mrs C
Sullvan, Mr W S
Tucker, Mr A F P
Bowler Mrs
Proctor Sims Mr child 2
Infant
Harvey, Col and Mrs
Pennington, Mr H F D
Stanley, Mr and Mrs A W E
Evans, Mr and Mrs
Hunter, Lieut-Col
Vaughan, Mr, Mrs J P and child
Ward Mr F W
Little, Mr and Mrs W
Trower, Mr A C
Trevor, Miss
Ibat, Mr A
Bawtree, Miss
Rowe, Mr
Vine, Mr
Macdonald, Mr W
Kinniburgh, Mr J
Cooper, Mr E H
Beauchamp, Mrs and infant
Miller, Mr and Mrs A B
Ramsden, Mr and Mrs O
O'Connor, Mr W P
Carsill, Mr A
Robertson, Mr, Mrs B and child
Robertson, Miss
Keene, Mr A H
Shearer Mr C
Lawrence Mr E H
Sidey, Mr
Hutton, Mr F H
Church, Mrs H and 2 infants
Pridoaux Miss
Callaghan, Mr (Dr)
Kotthans, Mr K
Paddy, Mr J
Kemball, Mr A G
Dixon, Miss
Marshil, Mr D
Harrison, Mr and Mrs
Davis, Mr J E
Wright, Mr and Mrs G G
Brooke, Miss A E
Godfree, Mr F C
King, Mr H C
Fiske, Mr, Mrs A J and two children
Haider, Mr S A
Stuart, Capt P D C
Smith, Mr E F and infant
Scott, Mr James
Kinny, Mr W H
Hudson, Capt S T
Powell, Mr E B
Shephard Hon H H
Coffin, 2 Misses
Gour, Mr A S
Olivant, Mr R E
Perks, Miss
Ford, Capt A B
Landale, Lieut G
Tickell, Mr R H
Turing, Mr J M
Gorier, Mr L C
Nelson, Miss
Evans, Mr A
Sands, Mr E W
Denham, Mr, Mrs T and 3 children and infant
Harvey, Mr and Mrs W L
Gattelson, Lt L B A
Forster, Mr K
Wilkinson, Mr W H J
Gore, Mrs H
Rossom, Mr and Mrs G
Cowie, Mr and Mrs D W C
Morrison, Miss M
Isaac Benjamin, Mr
Ashdown, Mr H
Callaghan, Mr M
Lomas, Mr W H
Wilmot, Major A Eardley
Byrill, Mr G V
Mukerjee, Mr S C
Mukerjee, Mrs
Roscoe Mr P Allen
Scallon Mr
Reid, Mr W J
Heaven, Mrs
Willis, Mr
Willis, Miss
Skinner, Mr C E
Horn, Miss E
Wells, Mr R
Stevens, Capt
Scot, Mr J S
Moore, Mr G F
Marshall, Mr C
Frodsham, Col W
Winterton, Mr and Mrs A R
Lyall Master
Hill, Mr H
Smith, Mr K McLeod
Wood, Mr H C
Moore, Mr D T
Yeday, Capt E W R N
Boult, Miss
Burlton, Major and Mrs R D
Wood, Lieut
Cahusac, Mrs and child
Allan, Mr H C
Playfair, Mr P
Ryan, Mr S H M
Reid, Mr J
Taylor, Mrs E
Mansfield, Mr A
Kirkpatrick, Mrs H
Jeffery, Mrs E and child
Nasie, W G Mrs
Lady Robinson
Weiman, Maj H
Abdul Hasan, Mr
Horrocks, Mr P
Westmoutt, Maj-Genl Sir R
Bonar, Rev W
Lambert, Maj E P
Mrs infant Wedderburn and
Wright, Mrs W B
Benett, Lieut-Col C H
Masius, Dr H M
Cooper, Miss
Pool, Infant of Capt
Boundillon, Hon J A
Gunner, Lieut-Col K
Davidson, Mr W T
Byrne, Mr and Mrs St A
Bonson, Mr P E
Moss, Mr L S
Hawks, Mrs G W S
Tyabjee, Hon Mr Justice
Tyabjee and Mr sad Mrs M B
Holmes, Lieut A S
Lane Capt F M
Lall, Mr B C
Brandreth, Mr S
Parrott, Mr F J
Morris, Mr and Mrs
George, Mr Henry
Allan, Miss E
Sykes, Miss D
Shearer Mr C
Reynolds, Miss
Wimbericy, Capt C N C
Macdowall, Mr D M
Waddington, Mr C W
Anderson Mr & Mrs and child
Wilson, Mr and W G
Wilson, Mrs
Dixon, Mr E F M
Neetling, Dr F
Heaney, Mr T S
Rawsey, Mrs W A
Kilkelly, Capt P P
Bagshawe, Mr L
Silvester, Mrs C J
Windham, Mrs C J
Reid, Mr F C
Martin, Mr M
Grant, Major
Vas, Mr A S
Firth, Mr W L
Holmes, Mr W
Church, Mr C F and infant
Vinbcen, Mr H P
H H Maharani of Cooch Behar
Princess Protiva
Princess Sudhira
Prince Narayen Hitendra
Sen, Mr P
Ghose, Mr B
Nurse-Governess of Maharani of Cooch Behar
Gardner, Mrs and infant
Wilson, Mr J
Levy, Mr A
Upcott, Mr F R
Neilson, Capt
Gardner, Mr
Hoyles, Mr H R
Horn, Miss K
Carpenter, Master
Carpenter, Miss
Hall, Mrs
Davison, Mrs J W
Stephens, Mrs J
Craig, Sub-Condr
Craig, Mrs
Myatt, Mrs and infant
Goodman, Condr
Hoar, Mr J F
Reid, Mr W and Mrs
Pegg, Mr W T
Sim, Mr P G
Young, Miss

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 19.

THE WAR BUDGET.

THE House of Commons re-assembled yesterday after the Easter recess, and members flocked to town in larger force than usual to hear the Chancellor of the Exchequer unfold his Budget proposals. I see it is made a matter of comment that the treasury were able to keep their secret to the last. Those who make this comment must have been asleep, during the past two or three weeks, for it has been well-known for at least that period that a tax on sugar would be imposed, while the question of a duty on exported coal has been discussed in a more serious manner by the Press, than it would have been if some hint had not been conveyed to able editors of what was coming. Even the additional two pence in the pound on incomes could not have been a matter of as much astonishment as inconvenience to the poorer section of the great and patient army of income tax payers. The case of the hard working professional man struggling to keep up appearances on a few hundreds a year is really very hard, but this class was quite as eager for the war as the mob who threw knives at pro-Boer orators in Trafalgar Square, and therefore cannot expect much sympathy. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in the course of his lucid and candid speech, admitted that but for the forestalments of suitable articles in view of Budget changes, his estimate of revenue for the past year would barely have been realised, and while he thinks that the consuming power of the people has been maintained, there is, he points out no evidence of its expansion. The total amount expected to be raised by fresh taxation is £11,000,000 made up as follows:—Increased Income-tax (2d). £3,800,000. Sugar duty of 1-2d. per lb. 5,100,000. Coal Export Duty of 1s. per ton 2,100,000. So far the only people who are up in arms against the Budget are those interested in coal, and they are very active in their opposition to the new export duty. With one of their objections I suppose there will be very little sympathy in India. I refer to the complaint that one effect of the new duty will be to stimulate the demand for Indian coal, owing to the necessity for eastward bound craft to refill their bunkers after passing through the Suez Canal.

"MADRAS THE SOUTHERN SATRAPY."

Let no one after Mr. J. D. Rees's lecture, before the Indian Section of the Society of Arts yesterday, again speak of Madras as the Benighted Presidency. I use the word lecture advisedly, for, although Mr. Rees fulfilled the obligation of writing a paper, he did not read it, but spouted it—if I may be allowed the expression. In this respect he followed the example of the Viceroy's Private Secretary, Mr. W. R. Lawrence, whose delightful lecture a few days ago on Kashmir was made more delightful by being delivered and not read. It is not everybody, however who can do what Mr. Lawrence did on that occasion—repeat the whole of his written paper word for word without the aid of notes and without making a single mistake, and in some cases such a strict adherence to the text would hardly be convenient. For instance, Mr. Rees yesterday occupied fifty minutes, if he had read his extremely brilliant paper verbatim, he would not have accomplished the task under an hour and fifty minutes. And London audiences are not like the audiences of the Antipodes, where I am told that, if a lecture lasts much under two hours, the people who come to hear it are almost inclined to shy things at the poor lecturer! I have said that after Mr. Rees's lecture no one must ever think of applying the opprobrious term "benighted" to Madras. Rather should it be called "Madras the beautiful"—if that description has not been copy-righted. Here is what Mr. Rees says about Madras scenery:—"The rolling downs of the Nilgiris possess one of the finest climates in the world for the Anglo-Saxon, and nowhere is the scenery more magnificent than upon its western borders, where the happy sportsman can sit in a blushing rhododendron as big as an English oak, the moss and lichens of whose branches are bedecked with orchids, and look down in sheer cliff of giddy height, to the first shelf of primeval forest, and on to another and another by gradual descents from a height of 8,000 feet, till the cocoanut gardens of the storied Malabar Coast are seen between the last step and the yellow sands and white foaming breakers, beyond which the blue Arabian Sea sparkles and shimmers in the sunlight, till the orb of day descends a blood red ball, into its distant waters. What mountain drive equals the Coonoor ghaut, now gashed and scarred somewhat by a none the less useful railway, upon whose forest-clad slopes white fleecy clouds gently lie, while gigantic green feathers of the bamboos lightly wave, and the most beautiful of all butterflies flit around the traveller as he passes through tree ferns, and plantains, looking up at the towering masses of rugged rocks, and the purple outline of the mountains."

He continues:—

"Below in Malabar, Travancore, and Cochin, the beauties of the country defy description and the forests are, of all places in this world, surely the most fascinating in which to dwell. You ride through shady aisles, which admit the sunshine by infrequent shafts but breathe everywhere its warmth and joy, and are ever reminded of the late Laureate's happy alcaic experiment—

Me rather all that bowery loneliness,
The brooks of Eden mazily murmuring,
And bloom profuse and cassra arches, charms,
Tall pillar trees, with green Corinthian capitals support the roof, festooned with vines and creeping plants, and often blooming with red, white, and purple flowers, the floor is covered with an undergrowth of tree ferns and flowering shrubs, above monkeys and squirrels leap from tree to tree, wood-pigeons coo, wood-peckers tap the tree trunks, and cicadæ whirr and whistle, while now and again a startled spotted deer jumps up and disappears, or the loud crack of branches betokens the proximity of an elephant taking his meal, the picture of lazy and lordly ease." This spirit, Mr. Rees proceeds, pervades the atmosphere "Nature, in her most bounteous and reproductive aspects, scatters her treasures around with such a lavish hand, that it speaks well for an industrious and estimable population, that, in its case, the worship of the beautiful has never ended, as some say it always does, in an orgie. None the less in the forests the life of those least sensitive to the influence of the beautiful can be nothing less than one long botanical debauch in "valleys low, where the mild whispers, use of shades and wanton winds, and gushing brooks," tempered by occasional encounters, wherein the better attributes of humanity are suddenly brought into play, and the man may have to fight with the beast, for the life, which, a few minutes before, ran "in soft luxurious flow." The contingency, ever present for the sportsman, of this sharp and sudden contrast, adds a thousandfold to the fascination of what surely is the happiest possible life." These quotations will give the reader some idea of Mr. Rees's paper in which there is not a dull line from beginning to end, and which I should advise everyone who has the opportunity to read in full. "It is the fate of administrative units," Mr. Rees tells us, "to be judged very much by their capitals, and the forlorn position of the city of Madras upon the exposed eastern coast, on a site originally chosen in the days of small things, because of its inaccessible character, its adjacent marsh, and its partly surrounding river, has led the popular mind to overlook too readily the prosperous and peaceful population, the steady and increasing revenue, the administrative excellence, the educational supremacy, the expanding trade, which feeds western seaports, as well as, and as much as the indifferent ports, of the Coromandel coast, the extreme beauty of the scenery, the varieties of climate, the ethnological, botanical, mineral, and other multitudinous interests of the oldest and in many respects the most advanced of the presidencies and provinces of India." Madras must be judged by its points and what those points are, the reader will find set forth in Mr. Rees's singularly interesting paper. After the dismal and pitiful accounts we are so constantly hearing from men like Mr. William Digby and Mr. Romesh Dutt of the condition of the native cultivators, it is consoling to find Mr. Rees telling a very different story. "I do not like the Salt Tax," says Mr. Rees. "All taxes are necessary evils, but it is contrary to the fact to say that the people in Madras groan under its imposition, and are bereft in consequence of a necessary of life. The people of Madras do not spend their time in groaning, but are an industrious busy race, dwelling chiefly in the country, though of the greatest towns in India not a few are within the Presidency limits, which contain nine of the 75 towns in the empire with more than 50,000 inhabitants." Of the dwellers in the country, the agriculturists, he has always thought their condition at least as good as that of the agricultural labourer in Essex, Suffolk, or Hereford, and after visiting some thousands of poor in the East-end of late, it seems to me the Indian labourer's lot is in ordinary years as superior in point of comfort to that of the poorer English labourer as is the condition of an Indian Civil Servant in his district, to that of a Moderate candidate for the London County Council. Mr. Rees, it will be remembered, was a Moderate candidate for the London County Council and did not get in. Perhaps that is not to be regretted for he might have devoted to municipal affairs talents which I think would be displayed to greaters advantage in Parliament.

THE FUTURE OF CHRISTIANITY IN INDIA.

On this subject Mr. Rees had a word or two to say. He is no believer in the approach of a Christian Millennium for India. The fact is he tells us, "that the old faiths are strong in the land, as any one can testify who knows the temple town of Srirangam, embowered upon its island in the sacred Cauvery, the great fane of Madura, the social and religious centre of the city, and the long dark aisles of Rameshwaram, still the daily goal of thousands of pilgrims from the uttermost ends of India. True, the Bishop of Calcutta expresses his belief, or at least I understand him to express his conviction, that Christianity is within measurable distance of great conquests in India, but upon what data this opinion, so natural in the head of the church in India is based, I am unaware. So far as my own observation goes, there is nothing to confirm this view, but much pointing to an opposite conclusion. On this point he had the support of the eminent Chairman (Sir Mountstuart Grant-Duff), who opined that missionaries had been, still were, and would be for some time to come most useful as helping on Christian civilisation; but as for the idea of the Bishop of Calcutta, that we were near a very great change in religious opinion amongst the people of India, he did not believe anything of the kind. Sir William Lee-Warner, who was also amongst the speakers, put in a word for the leaders of Christianity in India, attributing the friendly relations existing in the Southern Presidency between Europeans and Natives, on which workers dwelt, to the wide-spread knowledge there of the English language, and state of things largely due to the missionaries and especially the Christian College, Madras. Sir William differed from Mr. Rees in thinking that the religious disabilities of Christians did not call for special treatment in Native States, and held that the Acts in force in British India providing that no one should suffer for any change of religion, ought in substance to be in force in Native States. He thought that we must look to the influence of progress as exemplified by the Christian element in our Government to prove the solvent of the caste conservatism of the natives and the principles of the Rig Veda were of no applicability and of little use even as matter of illustration in the present day. It is only fair to Mr. Rees to add that in his reply he disclaimed any desire to attack missionary operations and that he cordially accepted all the praise bestowed by Sir W. Lee-Warner on that most admirable institution,—the Madras Christian College.

THE THREATENED INDIGO INDUSTRY: THE PROFESSOR AND THE PLANTER.

The learned paper on "The Synthesis of Indigo" read by Professor R. Meldola, F. R. S., at an ordinary meeting of the Society of Arts on Wednesday, was necessarily in the main written for chemists, but as it was intended to supplement the admirable paper read before the Society's Indian Section a year ago, it did not omit the special conditions now unfortunately prevailing in Bengal. Indeed, Professor Meldola made some strong remarks on the subject which may not be palatable to the planters, but ought to be profitable to them in their present chastened mood. Prof. Meldola was asked to bless the indigo industry, but I am afraid that what he said will scarcely be regarded as blessing, except it be a blessing in disguise. It was represented to Pro. Meldola as he told his audience that any views that he might have formed with respect to the cultivation and extraction of the natural indigo, might be helpful to the planters. Here is his answer and a very tough answer it is:—"I can only say that a consideration of the methods at present employed in India, and an attempt to arrive at the actual state of scientific knowledge concerning the industry, has convinced me that the planters have only themselves to blame if they have allowed their industry to be driven to this extremity." He does not, he is careful to explain, hold out the hope that he is of opinion that they will in the long run be able to meet the competition from the German factory, neither does he wish it to be understood that he regards their cause as a forlorn one. He has not, he modestly says, sufficient practical acquaintance with the industry to offer any opinion of value on this point. It is the inherent nature of the technical chemical processes on the one hand, and the biochemical process going on in the plant on the other hand, which will ultimately decide the issue. But he attaches blame to the planters because they have never given themselves a chance till the present panic of conducting their operations on scientific principles. "They have allowed twenty years of activity on the part of the chemists to pass by with apathy and indifference, and at the last moment only have they called in expert assistance. Mr. Rawson and his colleague may do much, and the subsidy of 50,000 rupees per annum for three years granted by the Government for experimental purposes will, of course, be helpful, but the most deplorable part of the business is that from time immemorial there seems to have been no scientific method in their procedure." Fifteen years ago Prof. Meldola read a paper in the Hall of the Society of Arts that the attitude of our chemical manufacturers towards science was that its assistance was to be invoked only when some branch of industry was "in extremis." The manufacture of natural indigo is, he maintains, a striking verification of that statement. How differently the Dutch planters in Java acted! While the Bengal planters were more concerned with their polo, pigsticking, of whatever is the particular form of amusement they affect, the hard-working sensible Dutchmen were availing themselves of the resources of the botanical garden, carrying out experimental purposes, and their chemists and bacteriologists working in Holland in co-operation with the planters there, as is well known, for many years past been contributing to chemical literature the results of their investigations. Prof. Meldola says he cannot learn that the Indian planters have ever attempted before the present crisis to establish an experiment station worthy of the name, where systematic work could be carried on under skilled supervision. "Yet," he scornfully proceeds, "we are constantly being told of the enormous importance of this industry to India, of the armies of native labourers kept going by it, of the great administrative and political power of the Indigo Planters' Association, and so forth. It is simply amazing that such interest, backed up by such wealth, and by such a powerful organization, should have been so neglectful of scientific guidance."

PLANTERS' INDIFFERENCE—A WARNING TO ENGLAND.

It is not only in regard to indigo that we see amazing neglect of scientific guidance. The same pitiable exhibition is observable in other branches of industrial occupation. And this forsooth, is the time when no inconsiderable section of the middle classes of this country are in more or less open revolt against the attempts of wiser heads to put the nation on a more equal footing educationally with countries that will in course of time drive us out of some of the best markets of the world if we are not pretty careful. Writing to the "Times" on Monday with reference to the dead-set now being made at the evening instruction imparted to youths and adults by the London School Board, Sir Charles Elliott, who is no wild Socialist, but a sober-minded Conservative, says:—"Here is the reason why we are outclassed in commerce and in technical industries by the intelligent education of the Continent and America." He adds:—"If you insist that the working classes shall pay for their own education after the age of 14, you must give up all hope of raising their educational attainments to the level of those of Germany and Switzerland and the United States, and must be content to see England beaten in its competition with other nations." I hope I may prove to be wrong, but I believe that we shall be beaten before the nation as a whole gains wisdom; and then it may be too late to recover lost ground.

OLLA PODRIDA.

The Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. MacArthur, who have been staying at Tenby, are now back in town, and the former is in request for the "May meetings" which are usually in full swing, days, even weeks before we reach what in poetry is the maddest, merriest day of all the glad New-Year and continue far into June. His Lordship spoke at the general meeting of the S. P. C. K. on Tuesday, thanking the society for the help which it had ever given to all branches of Church work in his great diocese. He referred to the great value of the society's grants for the High School at Bombay and Ahmednagar, and of the great good done by the society's medical mission work at Bombay and Poona. The Bishop is to be the principal speaker at the annual meeting of the Zenana Bible and Medical Mission to be held at St. James's Hall next Wednesday. The card of invitation gives a long list of gentlemen who hope to be present, including several whose names are known in India, namely, Sir James Peile, the Rev. H. C. Squires, the Rev. R. Squires, and Mr. Herbert Birdwood, C. S. I. In conjunction with the Metropolitan, Bishop MacArthur will take part in the annual meeting of the Indian Church Aid Association on June 25. A preaching engagement at some distance prevented Dr. MacArthur from attending Mr. Rees' lecture before the Indian Section of the Society of Arts. This is a pity, for it would have been interesting to have heard his views on the subject of the prospects of Christianity in India about which both Mr. Rees and Sir Mountstuart Grant-Duff expressed opinions different from those lately enunciated by Dr. Welldon.

That very useful organisation the up-country Nursing Association has just sent out to India another nurse, Miss O'Neil, who proceeds to Lahore. Altogether there are now eleven nurses working in connection with the U. C. N. A. The Home Association finds passage money, outfit, travelling expenses and a month's pay. All further outlay is provided for by the local committees, of which there are three: one at Lahore, another at Naini Tal and the third in Madras. I am told that many more nurses are still wanted in India to meet the requirements of European patients at up-country stations.

I understand that when Mr. L. R. W. Forest reads the paper on "the Town and Island of Bombay" which he is writing for the Indian Section of the Society of Arts, he will have as chairman, Sir George Birdwood. It was particularly desired that a no Bombay man more fitted to preside at a lecture on Bombay than one who is so carried away by admiration for the Western Presidency that he sometimes seems to convey the notion that Bombay is India and India Bombay.

I understand that Mr. F. H. Skrine is engaged in writing the life of his old friend—the late Sir William Hunter. I hope that Mr. Skrine will not be too eulogistic, and that he will temper his praise with what I may call judicial candour.

The excellent ladies who run the old "Vic" as a sort of polytechnic, combined with innocent music performances have secured the services of Mr. Herbert Birdwood to give one of their series of popular lectures. India in a general sense will be the rather comprehensive theme on which Mr. Birdwood will discourse to the horny-handed patrons of the famous transpontine "hall of harmony."

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE NEAR KHETWADI.

MR. C. J. KING, late of the Customs Preventive Service, residing in the Chunam Kiln Street, Khetwady, noticed yesterday morning at half past twelve, that Mr. S. B. Walker's residence, which was situated in the same locality, was on fire. Mr. King went to the house and called out but receiving no reply, he burst open the door. By this time the flames had reached the room upstairs in which Mr. and Mrs. Walker slept. Within one hour of the discovery of the fire, the building and museum known as the Hall of Hygiene, on the ground-floor, were destroyed. The damage is estimated to be Rs. 67,000, of which Rs. 17,000 were assessed as the value of the building. The Gwalia Tank fire-engine, followed by other engines, was soon on the spot, but they all had to wait for about half an hour. This gave the fire a hold on the building and the other property which were past all hope of being saved. It is believed that the fire may have been due to the falling of a lighted kerosine oil lamp, which was usually kept alight in a small bath room on the ground floor. It was close to the room in which the fire broke out.

The museum consisted of scentific instruments, pictures, diagrams, &c. It was subsequently found that a safe, containing mill shares and ornaments was much damaged, and its contents were almost destroyed. Besides Mr. and Mrs. Walker there were two children and one female servant in the house, and they all escaped with nothing but the garments they were wearing. Mr. Walker is a medical practitioner. The building and the museum were destroyed.

ALLEGED CHEATING BY A EUROPEAN.

BEFORE the Chief Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, W. H. G. Ulett, "alias" Lieut. J. Danvers of the Royal Irish Regiment, was placed again at the bar on a charge of having on the 16th March last, cheated Messrs. William Watson and Co., in respect of Rs. 250 by cashing a cheque for that amount on the Alliance Bank of Simla, knowing that he had no account with that Bank.

Mr. Slater asked the accused if he wished to say anything as to what the witness De Sa had stated in his evidence.

Accused: No, Sir.

Magistrate: Did you present the cheque?

Accused: Yes.

Magistrate: Had you any account with the Alliance Bank of Simla, Calcutta Branch.

Accused: No, Sir.

Magistrate: And you presented this cheque, knowing you had no sums due to you.

Accused: Yes, Sir.

The magistrate enquired if the whole amount of the cheque was given, or whether there was any discount.

Witness De Sa said that Rs. 1-4-0 was paid as discount.

Mr. Kapadia, pleader, for the accused, after the charge had been framed by the magistrate, said that all that was now left for him to do was to enter a plea "ad misericordiam." He urged this on the ground of the accused's extreme youth. He thoughtlessly lent himself to this course of life, but had he been of maturer years, he would have guarded himself against the consequences. Accused, the pleader said, belonged to a very respectable family, was well educated, and had held a good position. If he were given an opportunity to reform, and the pleader hoped the Court would help his client to that purpose, and not force him to associate with hardened criminals, he had no doubt the accused would turn over a new leaf. On the last occasion, when Mr. H. Sealy appeared for the defence, he had informed the court that the accused's father would come to Bombay and settle matters for the son. Unfortunately, the father could not come owing to a dangerous accident to one of his near relatives by the bursting of a revolver. Mr. Kapadia therefore pleaded for mercy.

Mr. Slater, in passing sentence, remarked that assuming the accused's age to be 20, and

seconded by Mr. S. A. Nathoo that Mr. N. B. Jamasjee be re-elected auditor of the Association's accounts for the year 1901, and that the remuneration be Rs. 100, per annum.

On the motion of Mr. Hormusji Sorabji, seconded by Mr. Fazulbhoy Karimbhoy, "the Committee were empowered to pay from the funds of the association to the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute the sum of Rs. 3,001, being the association's donation for the year 1901-1902." A hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the Chairman on the motion of Mr. Wachs, and the proceedings then terminated.

THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

BOXERS AGAIN ACTIVE.

(From the mail papers of April 12 to 19.)

THE INDEMNITY CLAIMS.

The "Herald's" Washington correspondent telegraphs that Mr. Rockhill, Acting Minister at Peking, has informed the State Department that the claims of the Powers upon China are about as follows:—Russia, 90 000,000 dols.; Germany, 70,000,000 dols.; France, 40 000,000 dols.; Japan, 20,000,000 dols.; The United States, 25,000 000 dols.; Great Britain, 24,000,000 dols.; Belgium, 5 700,000 dols.; Italy, 30,000 000 dols.; Austria, 30 000 000 dols.; Spain, 30 000 000 dols.

Mr. Rockhill states that the British and Japanese Governments are supporting the efforts of the United States to reduce the lump indemnity to 300,000,000 dols., but that Germany, France, Russia, Austria, and Italy oppose this modified indemnity, and the prospects of agreement are not encouraging.

THE INDEMNITY QUESTION.

A Peking telegram to the "Daily Mail" says that there is every probability that the aggregate indemnity of £90,000,000 to be demanded by the Powers will be substantially reduced, not but to the amount suggested by America—viz, £40,000 000. It will, however, possibly be reduced to £50,000,000. Even at this rate most of the Powers will not make their actual expenses. Several nations have spent far more than they will ever get back.

A WARNING FROM JAPAN.

Peking, April 14.—The Chinese Envoys have been notified by the Japanese representatives that the return of the Emperor is urgently necessary and that Chinese troops must be sent to Manchuria to restore order there.—Reuter.

It is stated, says the "Standard's" correspondent at Shanghai, that Liu-kun-yi, the Nankin Viceroy, has received a cable message from the Chinese Minister at Tokio, saying that a Russo-Japanese conflict is inevitable.

According to letters received from Peking by Chinese native officials the Russian Minister is still urging Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang to sign the Manchurian Convention.

CHINA THANKS JAPAN.

The "Standard's" special correspondent at Shanghai states that the Imperial Court has directed Li Sheng-tu, the Chinese Minister at Tokio, to convey its special thanks to the Japanese Government for assisting it to resist the Manchurian Convention. It is added that the Minister has been instructed to solicit aid from Japan in any future contingencies.

REFORMING THE TSUNG-LI-YAMEN.

The Peking correspondent of the "Times" telegraphs that at their meeting on Tuesday the Foreign Ministers agreed to the recommendation of Mr. Rockhill and M. Komura, giving effect to Article 12 of the Joint Note concerning the Tsung-li-Yamen and the modification of Court ceremonial. It was agreed that in place of the Tsung-li-Yamen there shall be a Board of Foreign Affairs, consisting of an Imperial Prince as president and two Ministers, with direct access to the Emperor. One at least of the two Vice-Ministers to be appointed must speak a foreign language. The alteration in the Court ceremonial finally settles the vexed question of audience.

CHINA'S "GUESTS"

It is stated that, in reply to the representations of Japan, the Chinese Court has replied that it is impossible for the Emperor to return to Peking until the guests of the country leave.

RAILWAY DESTROYED FOR 20 MILES NEAR PAO-TING-FU.

Boxer agitation has suddenly broken out again in the neighbourhood of Pao-tung-fu. The "Morning Leader's" correspondent at Tientsin says that the Boxers have destroyed the railway for a length of twenty miles at Lu-han.

French and German columns have left Tientsin to put down the revolt. The expedition is commanded by General von Gyle, and 3,000 Germans and 3 000 French are being employed. As the Chinese force is estated to be 10,000 strong, it is anticipated that there will be some sharp fighting.

THE REPORTED REBELLION OF TUNG-FUH-SIANG.

Peking, April 14.—Prince Ching says that all his reports prove that the statements, emanating from missionaries, of a rebellion in Mongolia, are not supported by facts. In any case he does not think that the reported rebellion of Tung-fuh-siang is likely to turn out a serious matter. His opinion is that it is the object of certain people to make it appear that it is not safe for foreign troops to leave China, owing to the constant broils, and that they magnify village quarrels into a big rebellion. The missionaries, added Prince Ching, are naturally timid and have taken the reports in circulation in good faith.—Reuter.

THE MURDERER OF CAPTAIN BARTSCH ARRESTED.

Berlin, April 15—The "Lokalanzeiger" publishes the following telegram from Peking of to-day's date:—"A young Chinaman named Ho-Wan was arrested to-day for the murder of Captain Bartsch. He not only confessed having done the deed which he says he committed in a moment of passion on account of illtreatment he received from the captain, but he even boasts of it. He and another Chinaman who was also arrested to-day, were met both riding on Captain Bartsch's horse. Besides these, two other Chinese alleged to have been concerned in the murder of the officer have also been arrested.

Berlin, April 15.—Ho-Wan states that he was proceeding along the street when Captain Bartsch, who was on horseback, overtook him. He respectfully saluted the captain, but the latter dealt him a blow across the head as he passed. Ho-Wan then drew a loaded revolver of a very large pattern, fired at Captain Bartsch, and ran away. The Captain pursued him for a few paces but suddenly stopped his horse, dismounted and sat down on a grave apparently in great pain, and subsequently died—Central News.

RUSSIAN'S ASIATIC POLICY.

WAITING TILL THE POWERS LEAVE CHINA.

The fact that reinforcements are being constantly sent from Russia to Vladivostock and Port Arthur is commented upon by the Vienna correspondent of the "Standard," who states that those acquainted with the facts see in Russia's preparation for eventualities, which she will take care shall not occur before the International troops and the greater part of the International Fleets have left China. Russia was balked in the matter of the Manchurian Treaty and, as a gentleman with whom the correspondent spoke on the subject remarked, "she deserved it, because it was a professional error of Russian diplomacy to raise the question during the presence of the International troops, who together had greater moral and material momentum than Russian troops alone, which, moreover, could not well leave Manchuria without the risk of a dangerous rising in the rear. Russia was not strong enough in Asia (my informant continued), and it may still take several months before the troops destined for the Far East have arrived, and meantime peace with the rest of the Powers may have been concluded. When the foreigners have taken their departure, then Russia may again ask China or she may not, whether the Manchurian Treaty will be signed." "And what about Japan?" asked the correspondent, to which the answer was, "The Japanese prepare for war under all circumstances, and we count with the possibility of having to fight with her for supremacy in the Far East, whether it be now or somewhat later." The correspondent adds that the question ought really to be seriously considered whether Europe, Japan, and the United States are morally entitled to leave China in the lurch now that she has yielded to their advice, which happened to be in her own interest.

THE BRITISH AND THE GERMAN OFFICER

AN INCIDENT AT TIENTSIN.

And old German officer complains in a military paper in Berlin of the change which has taken place in the German officer, and especially in his views as to what is fitting in his behaviour. In this connection (says the Berlin correspondent of the "Daily New" the following story is related by the writer:—At Tientsin last year a Chinese official was to be executed publicly. A little square in the town was chosen for the scene, and amongst the first to arrive to witness it was a German lieutenant, who at once set about putting up a tremendous photographic apparatus on a hill. Many officers of the allied forces also appeared, among them various high German officers. None of the latter appeared surprised at the camera, and it was only when the English captain who was superintending the execution appeared at the head of a company of soldiers with the condemned man that the lieutenant, at his bidding, was obliged to remove it. It was a most painful position for the German officers present, and specially for the lieutenant. One does not envy him his feelings when he obeyed the Englishman, but one wonders also whether he recognised how right the latter was.

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LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

TRADE MARK

THE BUDGET.

THE CHANCELLOR'S PROPOSALS.

INCREASED INCOME TAX.

NEW DUTIES ON SUGAR AND COAL.

The House of Commons re-assembled on April 18 after the Easter Recess, the Speaker taking the Chair at three o'clock. There was a large attendance of members, and the crowded appearance of the galleries testified to the intense interest taken by the public in the fresh taxation proposals to be announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The House having gone into Committee of Ways and Means, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who was received with much cheering from a very full House, rose at eighteen minutes past four o'clock to make his annual Budget statement. It had been his duty during the last five years, when laying before the Committee a statement as to the financial position of the country, to congratulate the Committee on the general increase of the prosperity of the country. The year 1900, however, especially in its last six months, showed symptoms of change. Our foreign trade during the year considerably increased, but the increase was in value rather than in volume. That increase was mainly derived from high prices on certain articles—notably, coal, which of course, in its operation, must have done injury to some of the important industries, especially the railway interest, which could not have but restricted the spending power of the people. Notwithstanding that the revenue for the past year showed no signs of decrease.

THE YEAR'S REVENUE.

His estimate of exchequer receipts was £127,520,000, and the actual receipts £130,385,000. He was however bound to say that that excess which amounted to £28,56 000, was due to forestalment on dutiable articles. Had it not been for these forestalments his estimated value would have been barely realised. There was a great deal to be said in favour of forestalment, and there was a great deal to be said against it; but of one thing he was quite certain and that was that they were an unmitigated nuisance to financial statisticians. The forestalment in 1899-1900 amounted to three and a-quarter millions which properly belonged to the revenue of last year. The forestalment of revenue last year somewhat exceeded that sum. It was practically impossible to form any accurate conclusion as to the increase or decrease in the consuming power of the people generally. He would say the consuming power of the people was maintained but there was no material evidence of expansion in the power beyond what could be fairly attributed to the increase of population.

THE CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The Customs receipts for last year were £26,262,000 or £2,642,000 beyond his estimate—about a million on tea, and £1,680,000 on tobacco. His estimate however, was irrespective of forestalment, and it was forestalments that accounted for the increase over the estimate. The revenue from wine was £1,492,000, a decrease of £188,000 on his estimate. The Excise receipts almost actually realised his estimate, and this was considerably due to anticipatiug clearances. Beer produced £13,500,000—£1,030,000 less than his estimate. The decrease was probably attributable to the fact that very many beer drinkers were absent in South Africa, and also to the decrease in the spending power of the people owing to the high price of coal. Experience had shown that we had now practically reached the limit of profitable taxation on spirits.

DEATH DUTIES AND STAMPS.

The receipts from death duties were nearly a million and a half less than in the preceding year. He was aware that there was likely to be a considerable falling off in that respect. He had better expectations for next year. The yield from stamps was most unsatisfactory. It was £75,000 less than his estimate, and £625,000 less than in the preceding year. This was due to the prolongation of the war, and the absence of business on the Stock Exchange. The yield from income-tax last year was £2,692,000, which was £1,150,000 above his estimate. In twelve years the income upon which taxation was paid had increased by no less than £120,000,000—a fact which he hoped the Committee would remember when he came to a later part of his speech. The only other points in the revenue to which he need call attention were the exceptional receipts from the Mint owing to the silver coinage and the telegraph receipts, which compared very unfavourably with the expenditure.

THE YEAR'S DEFICIT.

The total receipts were £140,019,000, and the total expenditure £183,592,000. Of this expenditure over one-third, or £48,000,000 was war expenditure—£65,000,000 for South Africa, and £3,000,000 for China. The deficit of last year was £53,207,000 showing that we had paid £15,413,000 out of revenue for the cost of the war. The total amount provided by the State last year amounted to the enormous sum of £198,346,000.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

As to the National Debt, it stood in painful contrast with last year, but the Funded Debt had decreased by £1,425,000.

ESTIMATES FOR THE CURRENT YEAR.

Now, as to the future, he estimated the war expenditure at £58,230,000 and the total estimated exchequer revenue at £187,602,000. The revenue he estimated at £132,255,000, showing a deficit of £55,347,000. That was partly but not wholly a war charge, but even if it were a war charge he would never be responsible for the fatal policy of paying the whole cost of a war out of loans without charging the taxpayers with a reasonable amount of the debt. But it was not only a war debt. The real difficulty before Parliament was not so much the cost of the war as it was the increase of what might be called our ordinary expenditure—(cheers and counter cheers). The increase amounted to 68 per cent, and the direct taxpayers had borne the bulk of the new burdens. Speaking broadly, the expenditure had increased by £28,000,000, with only £16,000,000 additional revenue. How had this increased expenditure been provided for? It had been provided for simply by additional taxation imposed last year, and the additional taxation was imposed not for ordinary expenditure but for war services. It was proposed and intended to be additional taxation for war expenditure, and they all hoped that at the end of the year it would be remitted. But since then the ordinary expenditure apart from the war had enormously increased, and, looking at the way it was going on, our ordinary expenditure would not permit them to remit the additional taxation even though the war terminated in a very short time. The great difficulty they had to deal with was not war expenditure, but the ordinary expenditure of the country—the increase in the Army, Navy, and Civil Service Estimates—and in imposing additional taxation they were bound to make some endeavour to put their financial system on a broader basis so as to enable it to bear the additional expenditure. He justified the naval and military expenditure.

WIDENING THE BASIS OF OUR TAXATION.

We had come to a point when it was necessary to widen the basis of our taxation. That of course did not refer to direct taxation. He must ask both direct and indirect taxpayers to take their share of the burden. He must ask income-tax payers to pay twopence additional income-tax or 1½d, in the pound. That would raise £3,800,000. He did not propose additional taxation on spirits or beer although he would have something to say later on about brewers. There was absolutely nothing to be got out of wine, and he did not propose further taxation on tea and tobacco. He was not disposed to impose a Customs duty on manufactured imported goods as suggested by Sir Howard Vincent.

THE NEW SUGAR DUTY.

The average consumption of sugar was 56 pounds per head. Sugar was taxed in every other community in Europe, and it was taxed in the United States. In this country the tax remained on sugar long after the institution of Free Trade. What he proposed was not a protective duty; but an adequate public necessity had arisen for some duty of which the labouring classes should bear their fair share. The effect of his proposals on the price of sugar was a doubtful question, as the price of sugar was governed by the bounty system. He proposed a duty of 4s. 2d. per hundredweight on refined sugar. A halfpenny per pound would be 4s. 8d, per hundredweight, and he had left a margin of sixpence to cover Customs handling, etc., so there was no reason why a tax of 4s. 2d. per hundredweight should increase the retail price by more than a halfpenny per pound.

A TAX ON GLUCOSE.

The graduated scale of taxation would be as follows:—Refined sugar which polarised at 98 per cent, and which represented two-thirds of our total imports would pay the full tax and then it would diminish to a minimum of 2s. per hundredweight on raw sugar polarised at 76, a sugar which would yield less than half its weight of raw sugar. This scale was only tentative, and he would be perfectly willing to listen to criticism and benefit by experience and better knowledge. Molasses, which included grocery syrups consumed largely by the poor, would pay 2s. per hundredweight, and glucose, of which they had lately heard a good deal, and which was used in the manufacture of jams and aerated waters, would have to bear a tax of 1s. 8d. per hundredweight. He anticipated a yield of £5,100,000 from the tax.

AN EXPORT DUTY ON COAL.

His next proposal was a novel one, unknown in this country five for forty-years. It was an export of 1s. per ton on coal. In aiming at revenue from coal, he contended that he was not sacrificing trade. He contended that our coal, taking the bulk of it, was of a class that the European consumer could not do without. Especially was that true of South Wales coal, and probably also of North of England coal. Therefore, he contended, that to impose a duty of 1s., which was infinitely less than the fluctuations in price, would do no real injury at all to our coal trade. Supposing the exportation of coal was checked, he was not sure that even that result would be an evil. From that source he expected a yield of £2,100,000. He proposed to raise from the addition of the income-tax £3,800,000, £900,000 from arrears, £5,100,000 from sugar, and £2,100,000 from coal; total £11,000,000 in all.

A £60,000,000 LOAN.

He proposed to reduce expenditure by suspending the Sinking fund. Then, deducting revenue, there would be a deficit of £39,720,000. He proposed asking for borrowing powers for sixty million pounds.

THE CHANCELLOR'S PROPOSALS.

Income Tax.—Increase of 2d, raising the impost to 1s. 2d. in the £.

Sugar.—Duty of 4s. 2d. per cwt. on refined sugar. Duty of 2s. per cwt. on raw sugar. Duty of 2s. per cwt. on molasses (including syrups.) Duty of 1s. 8d. per cwt. on glucose.

Coal.—Duty of 1s. per ton exported coal.

Sinking Fund.—To be suspended.

War Loan.—£60,000,000.

WHAT THE NEW TAXES WILL PRODUCE.

Income tax	3,800,000
Sugar	5,100,000
Coal	2,100,000

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

FRANCE AND ITALY.

The character of the Toulon fetes and the simple cordiality of the toasts exchanged between the Duke of Genoa and President Loubet have been noted with sincere satisfaction in Italy. The Rome correspondent of the "Times" says:

The usefulness of the Toulon meeting was felt to depend upon the success of the efforts of the French and Italian Governments to prevent over-excitement or distortion of its political significance. This object seems to have been fully attained.

Italian Press comment has been, and is, consonant with the nature of the occasion. In some quarters there is a tendency to regard the meeting as a proof that Italy is no longer the Cinderella of the Powers, but is now thought worthy of international attentions. This note is struck by the semi-official Tribuna, the tone of whose article is sufficiently indicated by the title "non piu umili Itlis." Italy thrives upon esteem, and if the Toulon meeting helps to raise her "morale," which is often depressed without sufficient cause, it will have taken place in vain.

Writing on the Toulon festivities the Vienna "New Frale Press" says that the political result of the meeting inaugurated in such grand style is nil for the Dual Alliance as well as for the Triple Alliance, and the ten minutes' conversation in a railway carriage between Count von Bulow and Signor Zanardelli was more important than the whole week of festivities in the Mediterranean. It is, however, a matter of great satisfaction for the whole of Europe to see that an epoch of ill-feeling between two sister nations is finally closed.

The Austrian Foreign Office organ, the Fremdenblatt, says a new line in its comment on the Toulon and Villefranche festivities by regarding them chiefly from the point of view of the strong position now held by President Loubet and the Republican Government as compared with that four years ago, during the Dreyfus affair, when every form of authority in France appeared to have been shaken to its foundation. The President and the present Government, it says, showed great courage and skill, and were rewarded by success, of which there is evidence amongst other signs, in the sincere respect for M. Loubet and the policy he represents.

The Russian *Novosti* is convinced that no political regrouping of the Powers will follow from the Franco-Italian festivities at Toulon. Alliances are not improvised; they are the results of lengthy and historic processes. The Franco-Russian Duality, for example, was the outcome of fifteen years' careful, elaborate, and deliberately pursued diplomatic labours. From the standpoint of Russia's individual interests, the Imperial Government would naturally regard with pleasurable satisfaction any alliance which France might make, so long as it conducted to the strengthening of the French Republic's status and power in Western Europe.

The French journals continue to concern themselves with the possible results of the Franco-Italian fetes at Toulon. M. Charles Chincholle, of the "Figaro," has had a conversation with M. Loubet at his residence at Montelimar. The President of the Republic naturally refused to discuss the possible consequences of these fetes but M. Chincholle says the President authorised him to say that he hoped French commerce would soon have occasion to rejoice as what had happened at Toulon.

Admiral Count Canevaro, who was Minister for Foreign Affairs in the last Italian Ministry, is at present in Paris. When interviewed with regard to recent events, the Standard correspondent states, he declared that he had been absent from Italy for over a month, and knew nothing of the recent Franco-Italian fetes except through the newspapers.

It was, however, a notable fact that, for several years past, French diplomacy had been very wide-awake, and had directed its efforts with remarkable prudence and a great spirit of sequence. As to the exact meaning of recent events, Count Canevaro said that the reawakening of an old reciprocal sympathy was an important factor for European peace, as it would do away with that vague suspicion which had existed in the relations of the two countries. The demonstration was an additional guarantee for the peace of Europe. Not that there had for a long time been any danger of a war, for Italy no more than France desired it. Signor Crispi, had been accredited with aggressive intentions; but the ex-Minister thought that Signor Crispi was too intelligent a man to have really desired a war. Count Canevaro, while insisting that he had been absent from public affairs for 18 months, nevertheless admitted that it was possible these "family fetes at Toulon might indicate that the two countries had decided to amicably settle certain questions which for a long time had been pending between them. The Count went on to declare that though alliances, like the Franco-Russian or the Triple Alliance, might be contracted in a moment of necessity, they could not be easily abandoned. That could be understood because their objective was peace. Admiral Canevaro maintained that the Triple Alliance was essentially a league of peace. It had never threatened anyone since its formation. The admiral, however, thought that if Italy were to refuse to renew the combination, and to propose to enter the Franco-Russian Alliance, such a step would be fraught with danger, and might provoke an immediate war.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

The visit of M. Delcasse to Russia, says the Paris correspondent of the "Standard," forms the subject of conversation, not only among French politicians, but among members of the Diplomatic Corps in Paris. There is much speculation as to the real object of the visit, which must certainly be regarded as an additional proof of the solid character of the alliance between the Governments of the Northern Empire and of the Republic. It is, moreover, all the more significant because I am in a position to affirm that M. Delcasse goes to St. Petersburg not, as it has been stated, on the simple invitation of Count Lamsdorff, but on that of the Czar himself. As the invitation was given a considerable time before the visit of the Italian squadron to Toulon, it would evidently be unjustifiable to connect M. Delcasse's journey to St. Petersburg in any direct manner we the incidents which occurred at Toulon and at Villefranche, especially as I have reason to believe that the Russian admiral, who was at Genoa, went to Toulon at his own initiative. His Government, seeing the inconvenience of his presence there during festivities which should remain exclusively Franco-Italian, ordered him away, without perhaps realising the interpretations which might be put on the departure of its fleet. Perceiving just in time the deplorable effect that departure had produced in France, Admiral Birilef received instructions to proceed without a moment's delay to greet the President of the Republic at Villefranche.

GERMANY AND AUSTRIA.

The Austrian Emperor's very cordial reception of the German Crown Prince is regarded by those diplomatists in Berlin who represent Powers friendly to Germany as a proof of the high political importance of the visit. They consider it, as one of them told me, says the "Standard" correspondent, to be a sort of corollary to the recent meeting between Count von Bulow and Signor Zanardelli, and as another clear manifestation to the whole world of the permanence and stability of the Triple Alliance, and establishing all its friends to be always on the alert to prevent and, if necessary, to crush all attempts at its destruction and warning its enemies against such attempts. In this connection, it is certainly noteworthy that German semi-official writers in the "National Zeitung," the "Hamburgische" correspondent, &c., speak of M. Delcasse's approaching visit to St. Petersburg as "possibly intended to offer France's good services for an Anglo-Russian rapprochement."

The German Press is full of enthusiastic articles about the Crown Prince's visit to Vienna. The "Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" reproduces the telegrams "with cordial joy and thanks," and sees in them "fresh and unmistakable tokens of the unchangeable intimacy and firmness of the comradeship in arms uniting the dynasties and nations."

The "National Zeitung" says, among other things:—

As the official representative of the third generation which has grown up since the foundation of the German Empire, the Heir to the Throne of the Hohenzollerns returns the visit of his august godfather on the occasion of his majority, thus endorsing the words with which, on that occasion, the Emperor Francis Joseph referred to the friendship uniting him with the German Crown Prince's father, grandfather, and great-grandfather. During the past decade, the urgent necessity of amicably improving has led to numerous meetings between the Emperor William II, and his venerable ally, and the visit of his son to Vienna is more than a formal courtesy, in view of such an intimate alliance. One of a watch word, "inseparable brotherhood and comradeship," has been recalled with heartfelt enthusiasm.

That which was prepared by statecraft has been deepened and crowned by the true friendship of the nations and their rulers; and the whole Austro-Hungarian Monarchy along with the German Empire, recognises to-day the blessings of a political alliance, strengthened during the last few years. The Crown Prince's visit is a fresh and worthy sign of the extraordinary harmony of the dynastic and political relations between Germany and Austro-Hungary and these nations have every reason to rejoice over this fresh manifestation the more so as this alliance of the two central European empires, which has been joined by the kingdom of Italy, is regarded everywhere as a sure means of preserving peace. The continuity of peaceful labour will be safeguarded to the peoples of Central Europe at a time of not only extreme military burdens, but also of vigorous commercial and industrial development.

In conclusion the "National Zeitung" lays strong stress on the very warm interest taken in the visit all over Hungary. Almost all the German papers publish similar articles. The "Kolnische Zeitung," however, again draws attention to the continued campaign, not only in the Russian but even in a part of the English and American Press, which has for its object to shake the stability of the Triple Alliance, and to fan the hatred against the flourishing vigour of the German Empire. Foremost in this endeavour is the St. Petersburg Rossija, which is now indignant at "new German armaments," in which it includes the establishment of three new remount depots, the formation of a new Landwehr district, &c. The "Kolnische" concludes its article by saying:—

We content ourselves with merely accentuating the proclamation, as inevitable, of an armed collision between Russia and the Triple Alliance. The significance of this merely consists in the fact that such things can be published under the Russian censorship. For the rest, we doubt whether there is a statesman in Germany who will allow himself to be disturbed from pursuing the path recognised, once for all as the right one. Germany's hope of peace rests in her own strength, and she will know how to increase and consolidate it so that even those who talk so largely about an unavoidable armed collision will reconsider the matter.

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HERE THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

THE sudden intractability of the Artillery horses at Windsor Station was not the only hitch in connection with the funeral of Queen Victoria. There was another and even more awkward one in the mausoleum at Frogmore. The 'contretemps,' writes a correspondent, did not occur under the public eye, and was kept a profound secret by the Court officials and the few workmen who were cognisant of it, but in the neighbourhood of Windsor it has now leaked out that the late Queen's coffin was made too large for the granite sarcophagus in which it was intended to be placed. The mistake was discovered only on the night on which the remains arrived at Windsor Castle. The measurements then taken showed that the coffin was six or eight inches higher than the receptacle in which the Prince Consort's remains rested, and where a space was provided for her late Majesty's body. The discovery created great consternation among the Court officials and employes at Windsor. Orders were at once given to have an attempt made to deepen the sarcophagus, and stone-hewers were occupied at this work in relays all night. Not being accustomed to work in such a hard substance as granite, and the space being exceedingly circumscribed by the Prince Consort's coffin, little progress was made. There was also the danger of splitting the sides of the sarcophagus. When the granite receptacle had been hollowed out to the utmost extent that was considered safe it was found that the top of the Queen's coffin would still be six inches above the top and that consequently it would be impossible to close the sarcophagus. In this perplexing emergency it was decided, as a temporary expedient to have slips of wood made six inches deep painted to represent granite and placed on the upper edge of the walls of the casquet. On these temporary supports the massive granite lid was laid. The placing of the wooden extensions and the lowering of the lid on them were tried before the coffin reached the mausoleum and the arrangements were so well made and so carefully carried out that the royal and other personages who stood round the sarcophagus at what was supposed to be the final scene of the closing of the casquet were not aware of the hitch. Since then it is understood, heavy mouldings of granite from the same quarry in Aberdeenshire from which the stones for the sarcophagus were hewn over 30 years ago, have been ordered by the King. These additions to the sarcophagus have been shaped and polished in Aberdeen and when completed they will be fixed into the casquet which will then be permanently sealed. It will consequently stand six inches higher than it did originally

An occasional correspondent of the *Times* has a pleasant description of the visit of the Duke of Cornwall to Port Said.

In the morning a hot *khamseen* was blowing, and the streets were stifling and dust-laden; on the water it was pleasanter so, hiring a boatman, I made a tour of the ships in port, and entered into conversation with the boatman.

"Great fantasia, Effendi!" he remarked, jerking his "traboosh" covered head towards the *Rapert*, now one brilliant mas of flags.

"Do you know what it is all about?" I inquired.

He grinned. "The son of the English Khedivey is coming," he replied.

"Do you know where he is going?"

He shook his head.

"What is his name?"

He shrugged his shoulders slightly. "*Mees arif*—who knows?" he replied. "Perhaps Abdullah."

I laughed. "No, not that."

"*Malesh*—never mind," he added complacently. "There will be much backsheesh, for many English will go out in boats."

The most interesting thing in last week's literary papers is "Literature's" account of the way in which Mr. Kipling's "Recessional" reached the "Times." A good many stories have been told, but the true one is found in the following letter with which the MS. of the poem was sent:—

DEAR ——,—Enclosed please find my sentiments on things—which I hope are yours. We've been blowing up the Trumpets of the New Moon a little too much for White Men, and it's about time we sobered down.

If you would like it, it's at your service—on the old conditions that I can use it if I want it later in book form. The sooner it's in print the better. I don't want any proof. Couldn't you run it to-night so as to end the week piously? If it's not your line, please drop me a wire.—Ever yours sincerely, R. K.

The poem was published in next morning's "Times," Mr. Kipling declined all payment.

In the course of an essay on the progress of the world during the 19th century, Professor E. E. Doldear of the United States, gave an interesting summary of the century's works, for which we are indebted to an American contemporary:—

This century received form its predecessors the horse. We bequeath the bicycle, the locomotive, and the automobile.

We received the goosequill, we bequeath the fountain pen and typewriter.

We received the scythe, we bequeath the mowing machine.

We received the sickle, we bequeath the harvester.

We received that hand-printing press, we bequeath the Hoe-cylinder press.

We received the painter's brush, we bequeath lithography, the camera, and colour photography.

We received the hand loom, we bequeath the cotton and woollen factory.

We received the gunpowder, we bequeath nitro-glycerine.

We received 23 chimical elements, we bequeath 80.

We received the tallow dip, we bequeath the arc light.

But these by no means exhaust the list. Professor Dolbear proceeds:—

We received the galvanic battery, we bequeath the dynamo.

We received the flint lock, we bequeath automatic Maxims.

We received the sailing ship, we bequeath the steamship.

We received the beacon signal fire, we bequeath the telephone and wireless telegraphy.

We received leather fire-buckets, we bequeath the steam fire-engine.

We received wood and stone for structures, we bequeath 20-storeyed steel buildings.

We received the stairway, we bequeath the elevator.

We received ordinary light, we bequeath the Rontgen rays.

We received the weather unannounced, we bequeath the weather bureau.

We received unalleviable pain, we bequeath asepsis, chloroforom, ether, and cocaine.

We received the average duration of life of 30 years, we bequeath 40 years.

"AH SIN" ON THE SITUATION.

According to the "New York Herald" the indemnity claimed by the Powers from China is 63,000,000l. sterling.

Me velly foolish Chinee-man,
But me av unlerstood
Dat all you Follen Debbils did
Wase for my countles's good,
You come—you shootee, lootee, too—
But alle time adlize us
You avvy ploper end in view—
You wantee civilize us.

You kill my gell, you take away
My choicee bi-a-blac;
You burn my first-chop housee down,
You givee me the sack,
But ven I say "It one dam slame,"
You tell ms dat you plize us;
You've come from England alle way
To lly and civilize us!

No mattah vot it clost, you said,
Your dutee you'd fulfil;
But now dis mawnin you ple-sent
An A-one first-chop bill.
Three score of millions; Fancy dat!
You velly much surplize us.
I say! It costee dam big lot
For you to civilize us!

"Truth"

The Cunard r Lucania from New York which arrived at Queenstown the other evening brought particulars of the arrival at New York of the Bristol City liner Exeter City from Bristol and Swansea after a stormy passage lasting seventeen days. For four days the liner was enveloped in a blinding snowstorm. At midlight on the seventhday out from Swansea the crew witnessed a remarkable display which struck them with terror It was blowing a hurricane when suddenly the masts and rigging were illuminated with light known to mariners as St. Elmo's fire. The ligats were globular and about four inches in diameter. Scores of them were in the rigging and they appeared at intervals of a minute for a considerable period. Their brilliance illuminated the ship and sea for a long distance. Just before the lights disappeared there was a terrible explosion overhead felling to the deck the man on watch. An able seaman named J. Klondike disappeared during the night and it is assumed that he jumped overboard from fright.

An analogous and equally amusing campaign against Post Office red-tapeism to that waged for some considerable time, and with eventual success, by Mr. J. G. Graves, of Sheffield, has just terminated at Macclesfield. Mr. Robinson Brown, of the Royal Silk Warehouse, Macclesfield, does a very large postal trade in silks of all kinds manufactured in Macclesfield and recently he prepared for posting an enormous quantity of catalogues, aggregating over two tons in weight. The local authorities have been accustomed each day to send for Mr. Brown's parcels of silks to go by parcel-post, and he requested them at the same time to take a quantity of the catalogues which were ready for posting. They declined, however, to do this unless Mr. Brown arranged them ready for stamping and securely tied them in small bundles of about 20. The labour and expense involved in doing this was so great that Mr. Brown declined to comply with the requirements of the Post Office, and as the officials refused to collect the catalogues unless he did so. Mr. Brown decided to bring the authorities to their knees. The method he adopted was to block up all the pillar-boxes and branch post offices in the neighbourhood with his catalogues and the postmaster was obliged to send out a special number of men to collect them before the public could post their letters. After this had been done once or twice the Post Office authorities appealed to Mr. Brown to discontinue the practice. This he promised to do on condition that his demands were conceded and the postmaster has agreed in future to send men with carts and baskets to Mr. Brown's establishment to collect the catalogues which have been the cause of so much controversy.

NOTICES.

Soft, silky, glossy, abundant, beautiful, elegant, splendid, handsome—you can't find words to describe a magnificent head of hair. Is this the kind of hair you have? Is your hair long enough to suit you? Does the color exactly please you? In a word, are you perfectly satisfied with your hair? If not, give it a good hair-food. Give it

Ayer's Hair Vigor

It will make you have long, rich, abundant hair, and it will stop falling of the hair, too. Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color. You can depend upon it every time. It brings back all the rich, dark color you had when you were young. If you are 30, there is no need of looking as if you were 50 just because your hair is gray.

And you will like our Hair Vigor, also, as a hair dressing; while it forms a valuable addition to any toilet table because of the elegant way in which it is put up.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Agents for Bombay.—KEMP & Co., Ld.

"MALTINE WITH COD LIVER OIL is very Palatable, easily Digested, and far more Nourishing than any Emulsion as the Oil is supplemented by a strengthening food—MALTINE
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"Patients unable to tolerate the purest & most carefully prepared cod liver oil can readily digest & assimilate it when combined with Maltine"—BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL
CHILDREN ESPECIALLY LIKE MALTINE WITH COD LIVER OIL
In ordering please mention THE MALTINE MANUFACTURING CO LD 24 & 25, HART ST. BLOOMSBURY, LONDON.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
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Preserve Your Sight

By using perfect American Pebble Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, &c.
UNEQUAL VISION.

ABOUT eighty persons out of each Hundred have some difference of Focus between the two eyes and yet the majority are content to wear Spectacles made with both lenses alike; the result is continual straining and impairment of the Vision. For the Eyes to be used healthily, each Eye should be suited separately. This method is always practised by T. S. Bennett & Co., Ophthalmic Opticians, Medows Street, Bombay, (see their Pamphlet, "Defects of Sight"), where they may be consulted personally, or by letter, Free of Charge, respecting Spectacles for all forms of defective Vision.

Illustrated Price List and our Pamphlet "Defect of Sight," free on application.

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THE WHISKY OF THE DAY
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CHAPOTEAUT'S
Phosphoglycerate OF LIME
The modern restoration of the nervous system.
For brainworkers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal losses, dyspepsia of nervous origin and insomnia.
It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

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SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY
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NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED
YOUR GROCER AND STOREKEEPER SELL IT!
Sold only in ¼ lb. and 1 lb. Tins.
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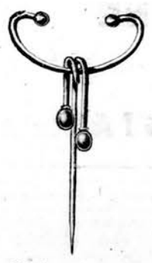

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Most simple arrangemenr for instantly fixing a scarf. No tying of knot necessary. Keeps tie firmly round neck. No tie-clip needed. Very graceful in wear.

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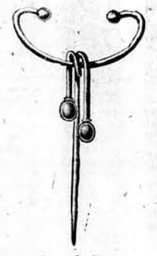

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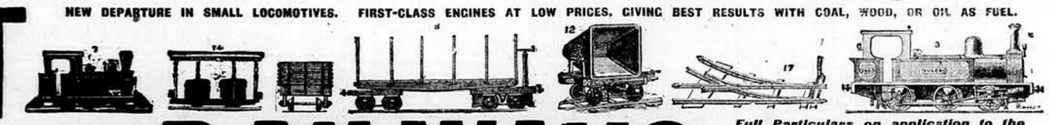

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OGDEN'S "GUINEA-GOLD" CIGARETTES ARE A BIT OF *ALL*-RIGHT!"

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APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularties. Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal &c Obtainable from Jayson & Co., Bombay and Poona, and all Chemists.
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None genuine without the "Elephant" Trade Mark.

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CURES DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, NEURALGIA, AGUE, COLDS, DENGUE FEVER

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A REVOLUTION IN FURNISHING.
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Moderate Prices. Free Delivery Town or Country.

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SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
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ALLAYS ALL IRRITATION.

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CAUTION.—*See capsule marked* ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' *Without it you have a WORTHLESS IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENG., by J. C. ENO'S Patent

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Makes life not worth living. Little's Oriental Balm will positively cure the worst headache. It can't fail. It never has failed. It has brought relief to thousands of miserable sufferers who had "tried everything," and lost all hope.

Mr. A. Rice, 45 Lispenard Street, New York, writes:—"I have been a sufferer for years with facial neuralgia and raking pains in the head. I tried everything I could think of, and had the best medical advice, but all to no purpose. Hearing of Little's Oriental Balm I purchased a box. It cleared my head and face of the severest headache and neuralgia in 20 minutes. The remedy will always be my constant 'travelling companion.'" Sold at 1s. 6d. per box. Of all chemists.

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My food would lie for hours on my stomach like lead, and then a terrible sourness would arise in my throat. Since taking Nature's Herbal Extract the distress and sour stomach troubles me no more.

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THE CONCENTRATED JUICES OF NATURES REMEDIES. ROOTS AND HERBS.
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Sold at as12 per bottle. Of all chemists.

GOLD & SILVER THREADS, LACES, CORDS, BRAIDS, BULLIONS,
Of every description for Embroidery.

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NO need to send out your Harness, Belts, &c. that are constantly in need of repairs; it means loss of time in sending and waiting when you can do the job yourself.
No holerequired to be punched simply drive Rivet as you would a tack, and clinch. Try them. From all Iron-mongers and Stores in Indi
If unobtainable, a gross, assorted sizes, for 5s.
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NOTE.—We make no extravagant and foolish assertions respecting "KOKO" FOR THE HAIR, as to its being "the best in the world," and that kind of nonsense. We simply point to our testimonials in proof of the value of "KOKO" for the Hair. The high social standing of the writers is a guarantee of the genuineness and undoubted excellence of our preparation.

is an invigorating tonic, cooling, and refreshing preparation. It eradicates Scurf, Dandriff, prevents hair falling and turning grey; promotes growth; contains no dye or greasy substance; and the unique testimonials from all parts of the world prove it to be undoubtedly the best Dressing for the Hair.

Athens, February 26th, 1899.
Mdlle A. J. Confostaris requests the Koko-Maricopas Co., Ltd., to send, as soon as possible six bottles of "KOKO FOR THE HAIR to the following address:

HER MAJESTY
The Queen of Greece,
Athens.

From H.R.H. Princess MARIE of GREECE.
"Mdlle. A. J. Confostaris begs to inform the Koko-Maricopas Co., Ltd., that H.R.H. Princess MARIE of GREECE is very pleased with their preparation for the hair. Palais Royal, Athens."

From H.R.H. Princess HOHENLOHE.
(The German Ambassador's Daughter.)
"'KOKO' for the HAIR is a Perfect Dressing. It keeps the head cool, promotes growth, and is in EVERY way to be recommended. HOHENLOHE."

From H.R.H. Princess VICTORIA.
"I beg you to send by return six bottles of 'KOKO FOR THE HAIR.' Princess Royal (Sophie Victoria Alexandrina Olga Zenaide Mary), daughter of Queen Victoria and Sister to the German Emperor."

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GENUINE EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

HIGHLY APPRECIATED FOR THEIR EXQUISITE QUALITY, EXCELLENCE AND DELICIOUSNESS.

Per 100, Rs. 7. Rs. 5-8. Rs. 4-8. Rs. 3-12. Rs. 4. Rs. 3-4. Rs 2-12.

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By
THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.,
Guaranteed fresh, Consignments received by every P. & O. Mail.
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BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, RANGOON and LONDON.

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Is for Cheap Watches; a look through our catalogue (sent free) wil convince you that we are fully prepared to meet that demand.

To those people who can afford to pay better prices, we strongly recommend our Origina qualities, constructed in the old reliable way: they will prove to be in the end cheaper and all along more satisfactory.

Diagram of a medium size Watch.

Hereunder is a short list of them:

THE CAMPAIGN, made in 2 sizes (medium and small) Keyless, Lever, fully jewelled, compensation balance. Guaranteed for 3 years.

Nickel Silver.		Sterling Silver.
Rs. 24-0	Open face	Rs. 38-0
„ 26-8	Hunting	„ 42-0
„ 29-0	Half-Hunting	„ 45-0

THE CHAMPION, Medium size, Superior Campaign Watch fitted with an Anti-Magnetic Palladium Hairspring, Guaranteed for six years. Made in Open face cases only.

NICKEL SILVER, at Rs. 32. STERLING SILVER, at Rs. 50.

THE PIONEER, Large Railway size, very bold hands and figures, will stand any amount of rough wear, Guaranteed for 3 years.

Price in OPEN FACE NICKEL SILVER case, Rs. 25.

THE STANDARD, Superior Railway or Guard's Watch, very accurate, Guaranteed for six years.

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THE EXCELSIOR, Half Chronometer, Perfect timekeeper perfect in every component part, perfect in finish, will last a life time.

Sterling Silver.		18-Carat Gold
Rs. 65	Open Face	Rs. 175
„ 70	Hunting	„ 200
„ 75	Half-Hunting	„ 205

We make **Full Chronometers**, with Observatory Certificates, which will satisfy the most exacting persons, in **Nickel Silver** at Rs. 70, **Sterling Silver** at Rs. 95 to 105, Sterling Silver **Gold** cases at Rs. 250 to 400. For particulars refer to catalogue.

Above rates are Net Cash Terms or through V.P.P.

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True extracts out of numerous testimonials of Batliwalla & Co.'s Cholerol.

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Batliwalla & Co.'s Cholerol, and Batliwalla's Ague Mixture or Pills may be had of Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli—Dadar, Bombay, and every where.

At Re. 1 per Bottle. Discount to the Trade.

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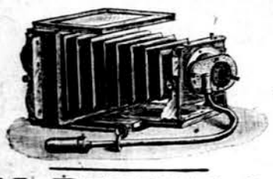

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Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
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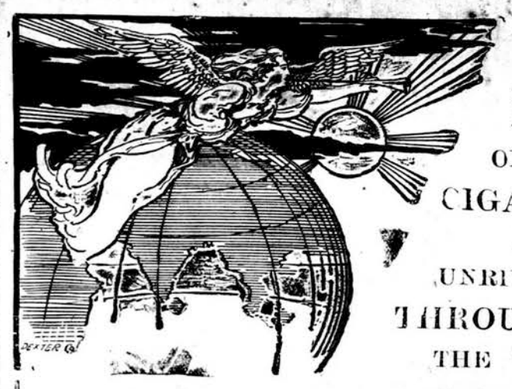
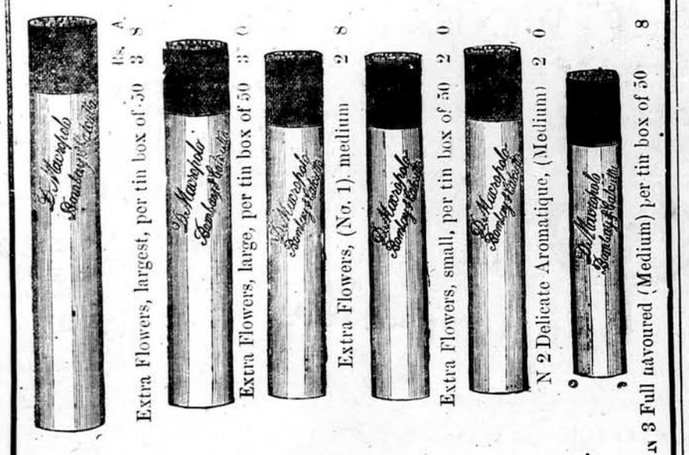


THE FAME OF THESE CIGARETTES IS UNRIVALLED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.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Rs. A
3 0 Extra Flowers, largest, per tin box of 50
3 0 Extra Flowers, large, per tin box of 50
2 8 Extra Flowers, (No. 1) medium
2 0 Extra Flowers, small, per tin box of 50
2 6 No 2 Delicate Aromatique, (Medium)
3 0 No 3 Full flavoured (Medium) per tin box of 50

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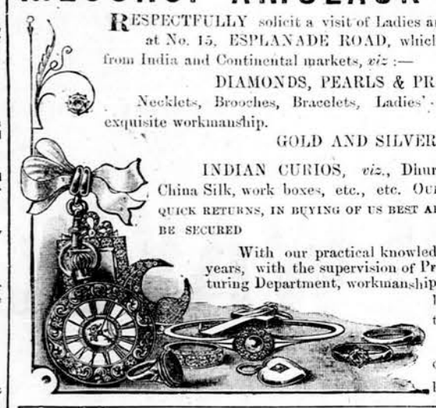

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DIAMONDS, PEARLS & PRECIOUS STONES.

Necklets, Brooches, Bracelets, Ladies' and Gents' Gem Rings, &c., of exquisite workmanship.

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MUSAFFI
PILLS
OF CASCARA AND MAYAPPLE.
(Huxley's formule for the 'Musaffi' Pills is supplied to Physicians)
Anti-Bilious
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One Pill, one dose.
100 FOR 12 ANNAS.
Sold by all Dealers.

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CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
"The Wine Shippers of the East."
Napier Johnstone's Whisky.
Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskie
C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies,
and every other Wine of
Good Quality.
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BENGER'S
FOOD FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, and the AGED.
GOLD MEDAL, Health Exhibition, London.
The British Medical Journal says—
"'Benger's Food' has by its excellence established a reputation of its own."
The Lancet says—
"Mr. Benger's admirable preparation."
The London Medical Record says—
"It is invaluable."
This delicious, highly nutritive, and most easily digested Food has been very successfully used in England for many years in the rearing of infants, and by those whose digestive powers have been weakened by illness or age. It may now be obtained in sealed Tins of Chemists, etc., throughout the Colonies and Abroad, and will prove a boon to Mothers and Nurses.
WHOLESALE OF ALL WHOLESALE HOUSES.

DAWSON'S BOOTS
NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.
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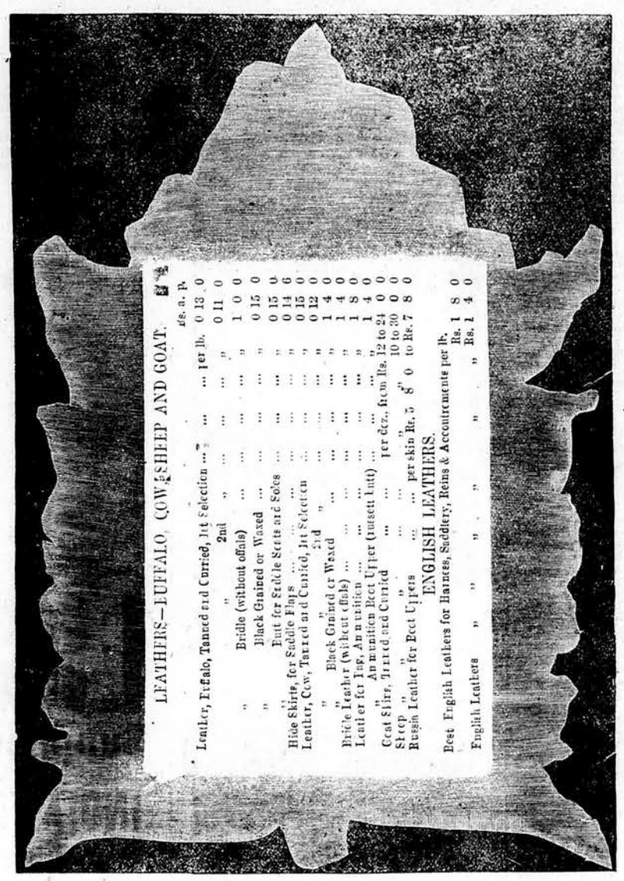
THE
WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT AND EQUIPMENT FACTORY,
ESTABLISHED 1837. BOMBAY. ESTABLISHED 1887.

ALL LEATHERS TANNED IN MY OWN STEAM TANNERY, & EQUAL TO THE BEST ENGLISH TANNAGE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